

SONY

User Guide

Personal Computer
VGN-G series



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Before Use

Congratulations on your purchase of this Sony VAIO® computer, and welcome to the on-screen User Guide. Sony has combined leading-edge technology in audio, video, computing, and communications to provide state-of-the-art personal computing experience.



External views illustrated in this manual may look slightly different from those of your computer.

Notice

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ENERGY STAR



As an ENERGY STAR Partner, Sony has determined that this product meets the ENERGY STAR guidelines for energy efficiency.

The International ENERGY STAR Office Equipment Program is an international Program that promotes energy saving through the use of computers and their office equipment. The program backs the development and dissemination of products with functions that effectively reduce energy consumption.

For detailed information on the ENERGY STAR Program, visit the following Web sites:

- <http://www.energystar.gov> (USA)
- <http://www.eu-energystar.org> (Europe)

This computer is designed based on the ENERGY STAR standards and delivered with the following power saving settings:

- The LCD backlight is turned off automatically after inactivity of about 15 minutes.
- The computer enters Standby mode automatically after inactivity of about 30 minutes.

Press any key to bring the computer back into Normal mode.

For detailed information on power saving modes, see **Using the Power Saving Modes (page 112)**.

Documentation

Your documentation includes printed information and user guides to read on your VAIO computer.

Printed Documentation

- ❑ **Quick Start Guide** — Describes the process from unpacking to starting up your VAIO.
- ❑ **Troubleshooting and Recovery Guide** — Contains solutions to common problems and computer malfunctions, an explanation of how to make a backup copy of your data and recover your computer system, and sources of support information.
- ❑ **Regulations, Warranty, EULA and Service Support** — Contains Sony **GUARANTEE** conditions, **Safety / Regulations, Modem Regulations, Wireless LAN Regulations, Wireless WAN Regulations, Bluetooth Regulations, End User Software License Agreement**, and **Sony Support services** information.

Non-printed Documentation

- ❑ **User Guide** (this manual) — Explains features of your computer. It also includes information about the software programs included with your computer, as well as information on solving common problems. **User Guide** is provided in the PDF format, which you can easily browse through and print out.

To view this on-screen guide:

- 1 Double-click the **VAIO User Guide** icon on the desktop.
- 2 Open the folder for your language.
- 3 Select the guide you want to read.



You can manually browse to the user guides by going to **My Computer > VAIO (C:) (your C drive) > Documentation > Documentation** and opening the folder for your language.

To go to Web sites described in this manual by clicking their respective URLs beginning with http://, your computer must be connected to the Internet.

- ❑ **Specifications** — The online **Specifications** describe the hardware and software configurations of your VAIO computer.

To view the online **Specifications**:

- 1 Connect to the Internet.
- 2 Go to the Sony online support Web site at <http://www.vaio-link.com>.



You may have a separate disc for the documentation of bundled accessories.

My Club VAIO

In **My Club VAIO** you can find:

❑ **Accessories**

Want to expand the capabilities of your computer? Click this icon and have a look at your compatible accessories.

❑ **Software**

Feeling creative? Click this icon for an overview of your software and check out our upgrade options.

❑ **Wallpapers**

Click this icon and check out our most popular Sony and Club VAIO wallpapers.


❑ **Links**

Click this icon and check out our most popular Sony and Club VAIO Web sites.

Help and Support Center

Help and Support Center is a comprehensive resource for practical advice, tutorials, and demonstrations to help you learn to use your computer.

Use the Search feature, Index, or table of contents to view all Windows Help resources, including those that are on the Internet.

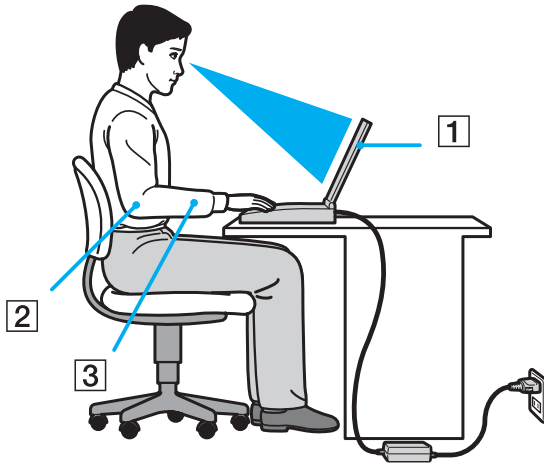
To access **Help and Support Center**, click **Start** and then **Help and Support**. Or go to the **Help and Support Center** by pressing the Microsoft Windows key  and the **F1** key.

Further Sources

- Consult the help files on the software you are using for detailed information on features and troubleshooting.
- Go to <http://www.club-vaio.com> to find online tutorials about your favorite VAIO software.

Ergonomic Considerations

You will be using your computer as a portable device in a variety of environments. Whenever possible, you should attempt to take account of the following ergonomic considerations for both stationary and portable environments:



- ❑ **Position of your computer** – Place the computer directly in front of you (1). Keep your forearms horizontal (2), with your wrists in a neutral, comfortable position (3) while using the keyboard, touch pad, or external mouse. Let your upper arms hang naturally at your sides. Have breaks during sessions with your computer. Excessive use of the computer may strain eyes, muscles, or tendons.
- ❑ **Furniture and posture** – Sit in a chair with good back support. Adjust the level of the chair so your feet are flat on the floor. A footrest may make you more comfortable. Sit in a relaxed, upright posture and avoid slouching forward or leaning far backwards.

- ❑ **Viewing angle of the computer's display** – Use the display's tilting feature to find the best position. You can reduce eye strain and muscle fatigue by adjusting the tilt of the display to the proper position. Adjust the brightness level of the display as well.
- ❑ **Lighting** – Choose a location where windows and lights do not cause glare and reflection on the display. Use indirect lighting to avoid bright spots on the display. Proper lighting adds to your comfort and work efficiency.
- ❑ **Positioning an external display** – When using an external display, set the display at a comfortable viewing distance. Make sure the display screen is at eye level or slightly lower when you are sitting in front of the monitor.

Getting Started

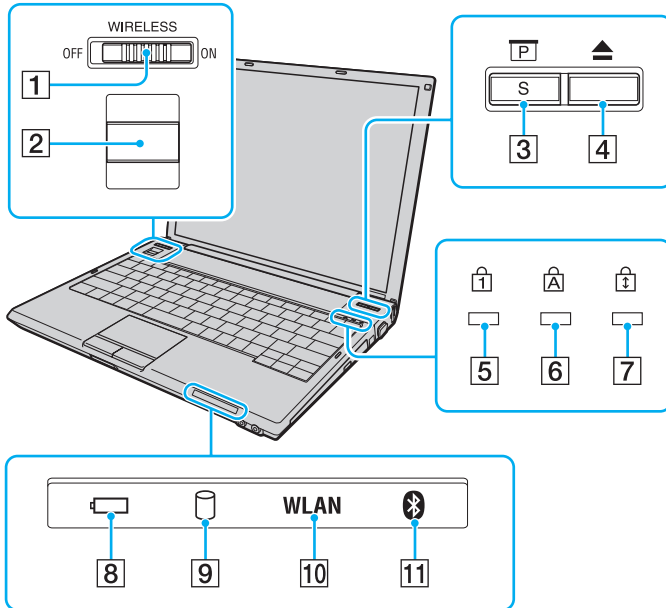
This section describes how to get started using your VAIO computer.

- ❑ **Locating Controls and Ports** ([page 16](#))
- ❑ **About the Indicator Lights** ([page 21](#))
- ❑ **Connecting a Power Source** ([page 22](#))
- ❑ **Using the Battery Pack** ([page 23](#))
- ❑ **Shutting Down Your Computer Safely** ([page 30](#))

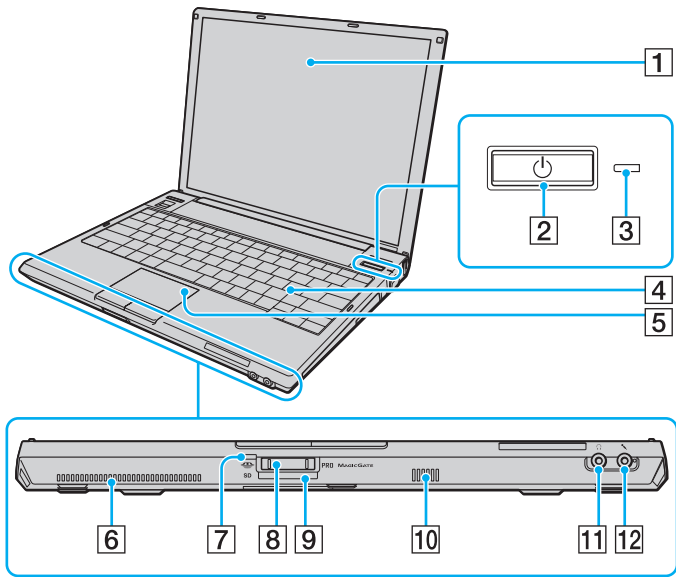
Locating Controls and Ports

Take a moment to identify the controls and ports shown on the following pages.

Front



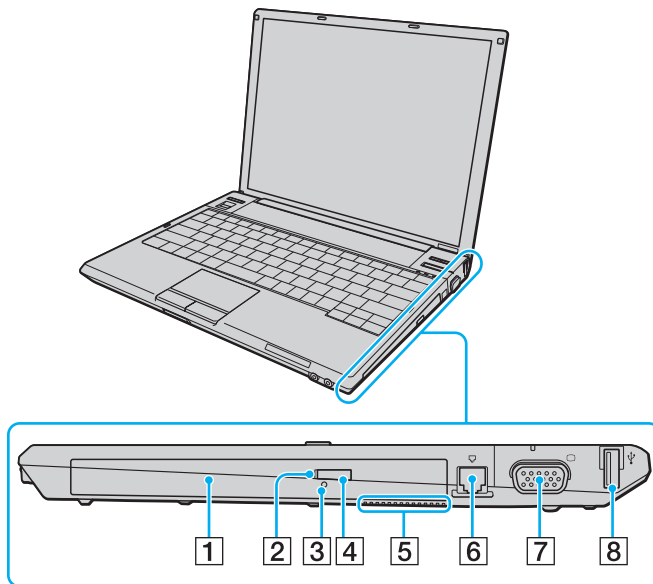
- 1 **WIRELESS** switch (page 61)
- 2 Fingerprint sensor (page 95)
- 3 Presentation/**S** button (page 35)
- 4 Disc drive eject button (page 35)
- 5 Num lock indicator (page 21)
- 6 Caps lock indicator (page 21)
- 7 Scroll lock indicator (page 21)
- 8 Battery indicator (page 21)
- 9 Hard disk drive indicator (page 21)
- 10 **WLAN** (Wireless LAN) indicator (page 21)
- 11 Bluetooth indicator (page 21)



- 1 LCD screen ([page 134](#))
- 2 Power button
- 3 Power indicator ([page 21](#))
- 4 Keyboard ([page 32](#))
- 5 Touch pad ([page 34](#))
- 6 Air vent
- 7 Media Access indicator ([page 21](#))
- 8 Memory Stick slot* ([page 52](#))
- 9 SD memory card slot ([page 55](#))
- 10 Built-in speaker (monaural)
- 11 Headphones jack ([page 76](#))
- 12 Microphone jack ([page 83](#))

* Your computer supports both standard- and Duo-size Memory Stick media.

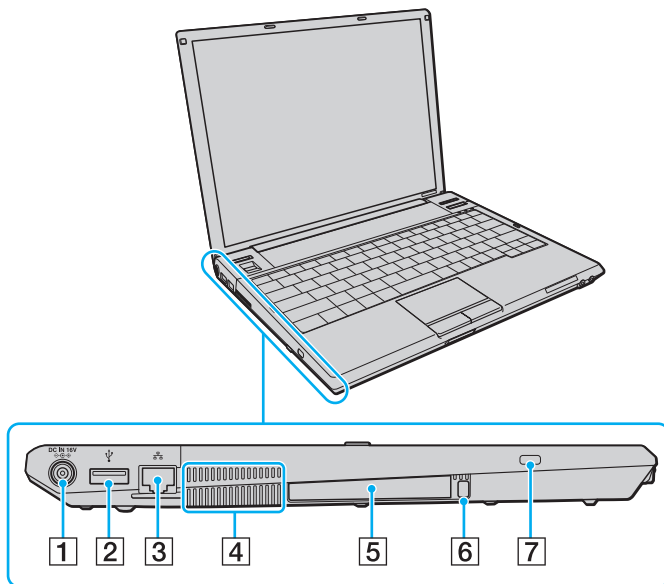
Right



- 1 Optical disc drive ([page 36](#))
- 2 Optical disc drive indicator ([page 21](#))
- 3 Manual eject hole ([page 168](#))
- 4 Substitute drive eject button ([page 36](#))
- 5 Air vent
- 6 Modem port ([page 59](#))
- 7 Monitor (VGA) port ([page 77](#))
- 8 Hi-Speed USB (USB 2.0) port* ([page 84](#))

* Supports high-/full-/low- speeds.

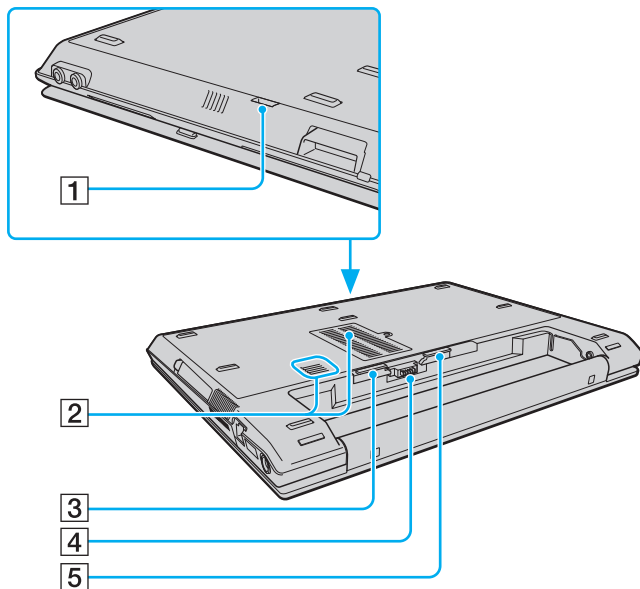
Left



- 1 DC IN port (page 22)
- 2 Hi-Speed USB (USB 2.0) port* (page 84)
- 3 Network (Ethernet) port (page 88)
- 4 Air vent
- 5 PC Card slot (page 45)
- 6 PC Card release button (page 48)
- 7 Security slot

* Supports high-/full-/low- speeds.








Bottom



- 1 Drain hole ([page 138](#))
- 2 Air vents
- 3 Battery **LOCK/UNLOCK** switch ([page 23](#))
- 4 Battery connector
- 5 Battery **RELEASE** latch ([page 29](#))

About the Indicator Lights

Your computer is equipped with the following indicator lights.

Indicator	Functions
Power 	Illuminates when the power of the computer is on, blinks when the computer is in Standby mode, and turns off when the computer is in Hibernate mode or off.
Battery 	Illuminates when the computer is using battery power, blinks when the battery pack is running out of power, and double-blinks when the battery pack is charging.
Media Access	Illuminates when data is read from or written to a memory card. (Do not enter Standby mode or turn off the computer when this indicator is on.) When the indicator is off, the memory card is not being used.
Optical disc drive	Illuminates when data is read from or written to the optical disc media. When the indicator is off, the optical disc media is not being used.
Hard disk drive 	Illuminates when data is read from or written to the hard disk drive. Do not enter Standby mode or turn off the computer when this indicator is on.
Num lock 	Press the Num Lk key to activate the numeric keypad. Press it a second time to deactivate the numeric keypad. The numeric keypad is not active when the indicator is off.
Caps lock 	Press the Caps Lock key to type letters in uppercase. Letters appear in lowercase if you press the Shift key while the indicator is on. Press the key a second time to turn off the indicator. Normal typing resumes when the Caps lock indicator is off.
Scroll lock 	Press the Scr Lk key to change how you scroll the display. Normal scrolling resumes when the Scroll lock indicator is off. The Scr Lk key functions differently depending on the program you are using and does not work with all programs.
Bluetooth technology 	Illuminates when the WIRELESS switch is set to ON and Bluetooth technology is enabled.
Wireless LAN	Illuminates when the wireless LAN functionality is enabled.

Connecting a Power Source

You can use either an AC adapter or a rechargeable battery pack as a power source for your computer.

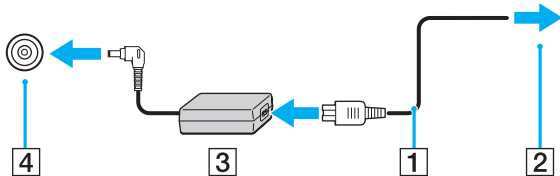
Using the AC Adapter



Use your computer only with the supplied AC adapter.

To use the AC adapter

- 1 Plug one end of the power cord (1) into the AC adapter (3).
- 2 Plug the other end of the power cord into an AC outlet (2).
- 3 Plug the cable connected to the AC adapter (3) into the **DC IN** port (4) on the computer.



! The shape of the DC In plug varies depending on the AC adapter.



To disconnect your computer completely from AC power, unplug the AC adapter.

Make sure that the AC outlet is easily accessible.

If you do not intend to use your computer for a long period of time, place the computer into Hibernate mode. See **Using Hibernate Mode** (page 115). This power saving mode saves the time of shutting down and resuming.

Using the Battery Pack

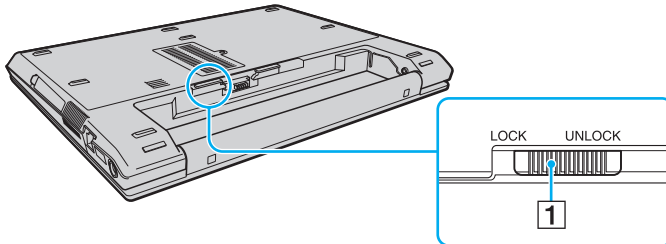
The battery pack supplied with your computer is not fully charged at the time of delivery.

Installing the Battery Pack

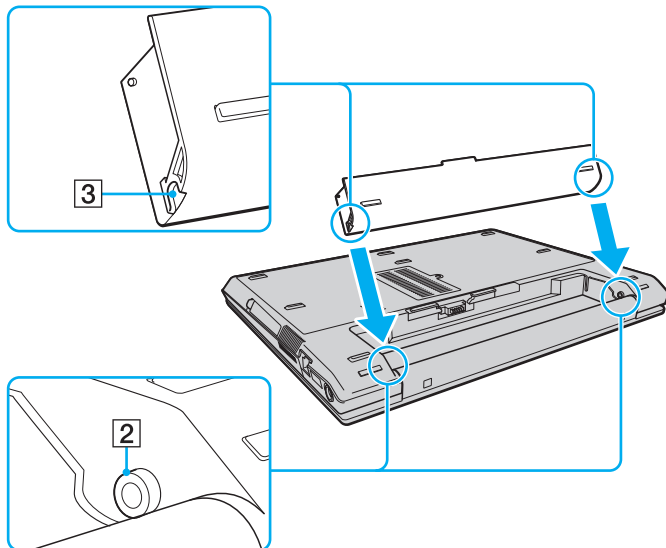
To install the battery pack

! Be careful not to hit the LCD screen with the battery pack while installing it.

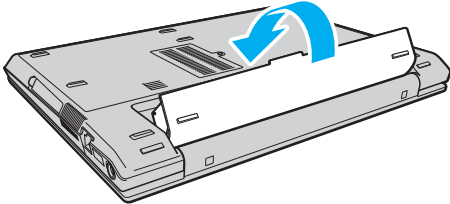
- 1 Turn off the computer and close the LCD screen lid.
- 2 Slide the battery **LOCK/UNLOCK** switch (1) on the bottom of the computer to the **UNLOCK** position.



- 3 Slide the battery pack diagonally into the battery compartment until the projections (2) on either side of the battery compartment fit into the U-shaped cuts (3) on either side of the battery pack.



- 4 Rotate the battery pack in the direction of the arrow, and push the battery pack down into the compartment until it clicks into place.



- 5 Slide the battery **LOCK/UNLOCK** switch to the **LOCK** position to secure the battery pack on the computer.



When your computer is directly connected to AC power and has a battery pack installed, it uses power from the AC outlet.



Certain rechargeable batteries do not meet Sony quality and safety standards. For safety reasons this computer only functions with genuine Sony batteries designed for this model. When installing another kind of battery, the battery will not be charged and the computer will not function.

Charging the Battery Pack

The battery pack supplied with your computer is not fully charged at the time of delivery.

To charge the battery pack

- 1 Install the battery pack.
- 2 Connect the AC adapter to the computer.

The computer automatically charges the battery pack (the battery indicator light flashes in a double blink pattern as the battery pack charges). When the battery pack charges close to the maximum charge level you selected with the battery care function, the battery indicator turns off. To select your desired maximum charge level with the battery care function, see **To use the battery care function (page 28)**.

Battery indicator light status	Meaning
On	The computer is using battery power.
Blinks	The battery pack is running out of power.
Double blinks	The battery pack is charging.
Off	The computer is using AC power.

! Charge the battery pack as described in this manual from your first battery charge.



When the battery pack is running out of power, both the battery and power indicator lights blink.

Keep the battery pack in your computer while it is directly connected to AC power. The battery pack continues to charge while you are using the computer.

If the battery level falls below 10%, you should either connect the AC adapter to recharge the battery pack or shut down your computer and install a fully charged battery pack.

The battery pack supplied with your computer is a lithium ion battery pack and can be recharged any time. Charging a partially discharged battery pack does not affect the battery life.

The battery indicator light is on while you use the battery pack as a power source. When battery life is nearly depleted, both the battery and power indicator lights start flashing.

For some software applications and some peripheral devices, your computer may not enter Hibernate mode even when battery life is low. To avoid loss of data when using battery power, you should save your data frequently and manually activate a power management mode, such as Standby or Hibernate.

If the battery pack wears out when the computer enters Standby mode, you will lose all unsaved data. Going back to the previous work state is impossible. To avoid loss of data, you should save your data frequently.

When your computer is directly connected to AC power and has a battery pack installed, it uses power from the AC outlet.

To use the battery care function

You can select your desired maximum charge level with the battery care function to reduce battery degradation.

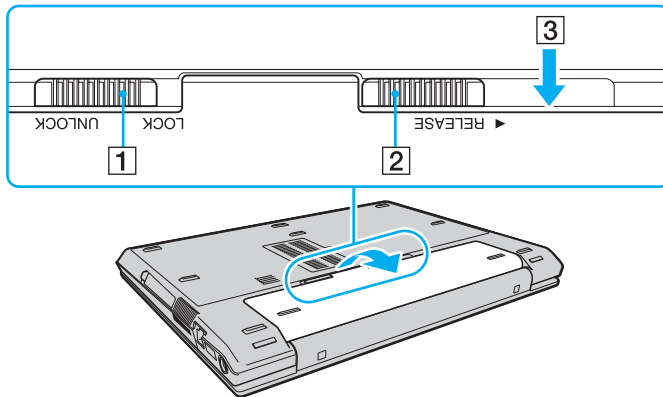
- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Double-click **Power Management** and **Battery Care Function**.
- 3 Click to select the **Enable Battery Care Function** check box.
- 4 Select the desired maximum charge level.
- 5 Click **OK**.

Removing the Battery Pack

! You may lose data if you remove the battery pack while your computer is on and not connected to the AC adapter or if you remove the battery pack while the computer is in Standby mode.

To remove the battery pack

- 1 Turn off the computer and close the LCD screen lid.
- 2 Slide the battery **LOCK/UNLOCK** switch (1) on the bottom of the computer to the **UNLOCK** position.
- 3 Slide and hold the battery **RELEASE** latch (2), hook your fingertip under the tab (3) on the battery pack, and turn the battery pack in the direction of the arrow, and then slide it away from the computer.



Shutting Down Your Computer Safely

To avoid losing unsaved data, be sure to shut down your computer properly, as described below.

To shut down your computer

- 1 Turn off any peripherals connected to the computer.
- 2 Click **Start** and then **Turn Off Computer**.
The **Turn off computer** window appears.
- 3 Click **Turn Off**.
- 4 Respond to any prompts warning you to save documents or to consider other users and wait for the computer to turn off automatically.
The power indicator light turns off.

Using Your VAIO Computer

This section describes how to get the most out of using your VAIO computer.

- ❑ **Using the Keyboard** ([page 32](#))
- ❑ **Using the Touch Pad** ([page 34](#))
- ❑ **Using Special-function Buttons** ([page 35](#))
- ❑ **Using the Optical Disc Drive** ([page 36](#))
- ❑ **Using PC Cards** ([page 45](#))
- ❑ **Using the Memory Stick Media** ([page 49](#))
- ❑ **Using Other Memory Cards** ([page 55](#))
- ❑ **Using the Internet** ([page 59](#))
- ❑ **Using Wireless LAN (WLAN)** ([page 61](#))
- ❑ **Using the Bluetooth Functionality** ([page 68](#))






Using the Keyboard




Your keyboard is very similar to a desktop computer keyboard, but has additional keys that perform model-specific tasks. The VAIO-Link Web site (<http://www.vaio-link.com>) also contains glossary information to help you use the keyboard.

Combinations and Functions with the Fn Key



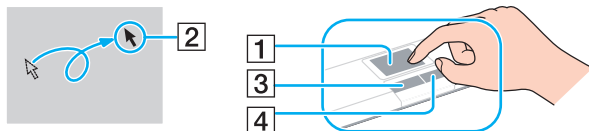
Some keyboard functions can be used only after the operating system finished launching.

Combinations/Feature	Functions
Fn +  (F2): speaker switch	Turns on and off the built-in speakers and the headphones.
Fn +  (F3/F4): speaker volume	Adjusts the built-in speaker volume. To increase the volume, press Fn+F4 and then ↑ or → , or keep pressing Fn+F4 . To decrease the volume, press Fn+F3 and then ↓ or ← , or keep pressing Fn+F3 .
Fn +  (F5/F6): brightness control	Adjusts the LCD brightness of your computer screen. To increase lighting intensity, press Fn+F6 and then ↑ or → , or keep pressing Fn+F6 . To decrease lighting intensity, press Fn+F5 and then ↓ or ← , or keep pressing Fn+F5 .
Fn +  /  (F7): display output	Toggles among your computer screen, an external display, and simultaneous output to both.

Combinations/Feature	Functions
Fn +  (F10): zoom	<p>Changes the screen resolution to magnify/restore your computer's screen view.</p> <p> The default resolutions of the standard view and the magnified view are as follows: Standard view: 1024 x 768 pixels Magnified view: 800 x 600 pixels</p> <p>The magnified view is not as clear as the standard view, as it is implemented by applying a lower resolution to the computer screen with a higher resolution.</p> <p>This key combination may not work with graphic images as it magnifies the screen view by changing the resolution.</p> <p>The location and size of software windows may change when the screen view is magnified or the standard view is restored because pressing this key combination changes the resolution.</p> <p>When your computer's screen view is magnified, switching the view to the external display disables the function and restores the standard view.</p>
Fn +  (F12): Hibernate	<p>Provides for the lowest level of power consumption. When you execute this command, the states of the system and the connected peripheral devices are written to the hard disk drive and the system power is turned off. To return the system to its original state, use the power button to turn on the power.</p> <p>For details on power management, see Using the Power Saving Modes (page 112).</p>

Using the Touch Pad

You can point to, select, drag, and scroll objects on the screen using the touch pad.



Action	Description
Point	Slide your finger on the touch pad (1) to place the pointer (2) on an item or object.
Click	Press the left button (3) once.
Double-click	Press the left button twice.
Right-click	Press the right button (4) once. In many applications, this action displays a shortcut menu.
Drag	Slide your finger on the touch pad while pressing the left button.
Scroll	Slide your finger along the right edge of the touch pad to scroll vertically. Slide your finger along the bottom edge to scroll horizontally (the scroll function is available only with applications that support a touch pad scroll feature).









You can disable/enable the touch pad to suit your preference for using the mouse. See **Setting Up Your Computer with VAIO Control Center** (page 110) to launch **VAIO Control Center**. Once launched, select the topic on the pointing device and see the help file for detailed instructions.



Be sure to connect a mouse before disabling the touch pad. If you disable the touch pad without connecting a mouse, you will be able to use only the keyboard for pointer operations.

Using Special-function Buttons

Your computer is equipped with special buttons to help you use specific functions of the computer.

Special-function button	Functions
Presentation button 	<p>Places your computer into Presentation mode. Presentation mode can avoid activating the screen saver, Standby mode, or Hibernate mode. Press the button again to bring the computer back into Normal mode. You can change the Presentation mode settings in the VAIO Presentation Settings window. To display this window, click Start, point to All Programs, and click VAIO Control Center. Double-click Special Buttons and S Button in the VAIO Control Center window to display the S Button window, and then click the Advanced button.</p> <p> You can also use the presentation button as the S button.</p>
S button 	<p>By default, the S button works as the presentation button.</p> <p> The default button assignment may be different from the above. In such a case, you can change the assignment in the window for changing the S button assignment. To display this window, press and hold the button or launch and navigate through VAIO Control Center.</p> <p>See the help file on VAIO Control Center for the S button assignment.</p> <p> You need to log onto your computer as a user with administrator rights to change the S button assignment.</p>
Disc drive eject button 	<p>Ejects the optical disc drive tray.</p> <p>If this button does not work, try the substitute drive eject button on the optical disc drive.</p>

Using the Optical Disc Drive

Your computer is equipped with an optical disc drive.

To insert a disc

- 1 Turn on the computer.
- 2 Press the disc drive eject button (1) to open the drive.
The tray slides out.

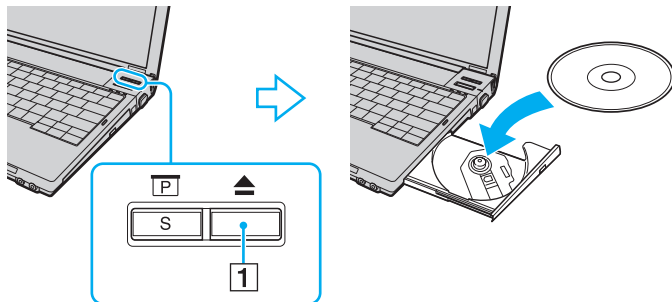


If the disc drive eject button does not work, try the substitute drive eject button on the optical disc drive.

If power supply to the optical disc drive is disabled by **VAIO Power Management**, it will take a while to eject the drive tray. Note that the substitute drive eject button is disabled when the optical disc drive is not powered.

When recovering your system, turn on your computer and press the substitute drive eject button on the optical disc drive. Insert your recovery disc into the optical disc drive, turn off the computer, and then turn on the computer again to start the recovery process.

- 3 Place a disc in the middle of the tray with the label side facing upward and gently push it until the disc clicks into place.



4 Close the tray by pushing it in gently.



Do not remove the optical disc when your computer is in a power saving mode (Standby or Hibernate). Doing so may cause the computer to malfunction.



If you plan to use an external optical disc drive, connect the drive before you launch any preinstalled disc operation program.

Reading and Writing Optical Discs

Your computer plays and records CDs, DVDs, and Blu-ray Disc™ media, depending on the model you purchased. Check your specifications for the type of optical disc drive installed on your model. Use the table below to see which types of media your optical disc drive supports.

PR: playable and recordable
 P: playable but not recordable
 -: not playable or recordable

	CD-ROM	Video CD	Music CD	CD Extra	CD-R/RW	DVD-ROM	DVD-Video	BD-ROM	DVD-R/RW	DVD+R/RW	DVD+R DL	DVD-R DL	DVD-RAM	BD-R ^{*9} /RE ^{*10}
DVD±RW/±R DL/RAM	P	P	P	P	PR	P	P	-	PR ^{*1 *2}	PR	PR ^{*5}	PR ^{*6}	PR ^{*3 *4}	-
CD-RW/DVD-ROM	P	P	P	P	PR	P	P	-	P	P	P	P	-	-
DVD-ROM	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	-	P	P	P	P	-	-
Blu-ray Disc	P	P	P	P	PR ^{*8}	P	P	P	PR ^{*1 *2}	PR	PR ^{*5}	PR ^{*6}	PR ^{*3 *4}	PR ^{*7 *11}
Blu-ray Disc Combo	P	P	P	P	PR ^{*8}	P	P	P	PR ^{*1 *2}	PR	PR ^{*5}	PR ^{*6}	PR ^{*3 *4}	P ^{*11}

^{*1} Supports writing data to DVD-R discs compliant with DVD-R for General Version 2.0/2.1.

^{*2} Supports writing data to DVD-RW discs compliant with DVD-RW Version 1.1/1.2.

^{*3} The DVD±RW/RAM disc drive on your computer does not support the DVD-RAM cartridge. Use non-cartridge discs or discs with a removable cartridge.

^{*4} Writing data to single-sided DVD-RAM discs (2.6 GB) compliant with DVD-RAM Version 1.0 is not supported. DVD-RAM Version 2.2/12X-SPEED DVD-RAM Revision 5.0 disc is not supported.

^{*5} Writing data to DVD+R DL (Double Layer) discs is available only on discs supporting DVD+R DL (Double Layer) recording.

^{*6} Writing data to DVD-R DL (Dual Layer) discs is available only on discs supporting DVD-R DL (Dual Layer) recording.

^{*7} Supports writing data to BD-R Version 1.1 discs (single-layer discs with the capacity of 25 GB, dual-layer discs with the capacity of 50 GB) and BD-RE Version 2.1 discs (single-layer discs with the capacity of 25 GB, dual-layer discs with the capacity of 50 GB).

^{*8} Writing data to Ultra Speed CD-RW discs is not supported on models with the Blu-ray Disc drive.

^{*9} BD-R stands for Blu-ray Disc-Recordable in Version 1.1 format.

^{*10} BD-RE stands for Blu-ray Disc-Rewritable in Version 2.1 format.

^{*11} The Blu-ray Disc drive on your computer does not support BD-RE Disc media in Version 1.0 format and Blu-ray Disc media with a cartridge.

! This product is designed to playback discs that conform to the Compact Disc Digital Audio standard specifications (CD Standard). A DualDisc is a two sided disc product which mates DVD recorded material on one side with digital audio material on the other side. Be aware that the audio side (non-DVD side) of a DualDisc may not play on this product because it does not conform to the CD Standard.

Due to the multiple formats of discs now available, when buying pre-recorded or blank discs for use with a VAIO computer, be sure to read the notices on the disc packaging carefully to check both playback and recording compatibility with your computer's optical disc drives. Sony does NOT guarantee the compatibility of VAIO CD drives with discs that are not compliant with the official "CD" format standard (or "DVD" standard in relation to DVD drives, or "Blu-ray Disc" standard in relation to Blu-ray Disc drives). USING NON-COMPLIANT DISCS CAN CAUSE FATAL DAMAGE TO YOUR VAIO PC OR CREATE SOFTWARE CONFLICTS AND CAUSE SYSTEM HANGING.

For inquiries about disc formats, contact the individual publisher of the pre-recorded disc or the manufacturer of the recordable disc.



8cm disc writing is not supported.

! To play copyright protected Blu-ray Disc media continuously, you need to update the AACS key. Note that the AACS key update requires Internet access.

As with other optical media devices, circumstances may limit compatibility or prevent Blu-ray Disc playback. VAIO computers may not support movie playback on packaged media recorded in AVC or VC1 formats at high bit rates.

Region settings are required for some contents on DVDs and BD-ROM Disc media. If the region setting on the optical disc drive does not match the region coding on the disc, playback is not possible.

Unless your external display is compliant with the High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) standard, you cannot play or view the contents of copyright protected Blu-ray Disc media.

Some contents may restrict video output to be standard definition or prohibit analog video output at all. It is strongly recommended that digital HDCP-compliant environment be implemented for optimum compatibility and viewing quality.

Notes on writing data to a disc

- ❑ Use only Sony recommended software, which is preinstalled on your computer, to write data to a disc. Other software programs may not be fully compatible and errors may result.
- ❑ To make data on a disc readable on the optical disc drive, you need to close the session before you eject it. To complete this process, follow the instructions included with your software.
- ❑ Only use circular discs. Do not use discs in any other shape (star, heart, card, etc.), as this may damage the optical disc drive.
- ❑ Do not strike or shake your computer while writing data to a disc.
- ❑ Deactivate the screen saver and exit anti-virus software before writing data to a disc.
- ❑ Do not use memory-resident utility software while writing data to a disc. This may cause your computer to malfunction.
- ❑ Before using your software application to burn discs, make sure you exit and close all other applications.
- ❑ Do not place your computer into either of the power saving modes while using the preinstalled software or any disc burning software.
- ❑ Connect and use the AC adapter to power your computer or make sure your battery pack is at least 50% charged.
- ❑ Make sure you use the same disc burning software to add data to a used disc. Use of different disc burning software for additional data burning may cause a failure. For example, if you have a disc with data that you burned with the **Roxio DigitalMedia SE 7** software, use the **Roxio DigitalMedia SE 7** software to add more data to the same disc.

Notes on playing discs

To achieve optimum performance when playing discs, you should follow these recommendations.

- ❑ Some CD players and computers' optical disc drives may not be able to play audio CDs created with the CD-R or CD-RW disc media.
- ❑ Some DVD players and computers' optical disc drives may not be able to play DVDs created with the DVD+R DL, DVD-R DL, DVD+R, DVD+RW, DVD-R, DVD-RW, or DVD-RAM disc media.
- ❑ Do not use memory-resident utility software to speed up disc access when playing a disc. This may cause your computer to malfunction.
- ❑ Do not place your computer into either of the power saving modes while your computer is playing a disc.
- ❑ Region code indicators are labeled on the DVDs to indicate in which region and on what type of player you can play the disc. Unless a "2" (Europe belongs to region "2") or "all" (this means that you can play this DVD in most regions of the world) is labeled on your DVD disc or on the packaging, you cannot play the disc on your computer.



If you change the DVD region code while the **WinDVD** or **WinDVD BD** software is running, restart the software or eject the disc and re-insert it to make the new setting effective.

- ❑ Do not try to change the region code settings of the DVD drive. Any difficulties caused by changing the region code settings of the DVD drive are out of warranty.

Playing CDs

To play an audio CD

- 1 Insert a disc into the optical disc drive.
- 2 If nothing appears on the desktop, then click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click to start the desired CD software to play the CD.
If the **Audio CD** window appears, click to select an option.

Copying Files to CDs

To copy files to a disc

! Do not strike or shake your computer while writing data to a disc.

- 1 Insert a blank disc into the optical disc drive.
If the **CD Drive** window appears, click **Take no action** and then click **OK**.
- 2 Right-click **Start** and then click **Explore**.
- 3 In the **Folders** panel on the left, locate the file(s) or folder(s) you want to copy, right-click the file(s) or folder(s), point to **Send To**, and then click the optical disc drive* name.
- 4 Close the window.
- 5 Click **Start** and then **My Computer**.
- 6 Click the optical disc drive icon under **Devices with Removable Storage**. A new window appears with the file(s) or folder(s) you want to copy listed under **Files Ready to Be Written to the CD**.
- 7 In the **CD Writing Tasks** box, click **Write these files to CD**.
- 8 Follow the instructions in the **CD Writing Wizard**.

* The read/write drive letter designation may vary, depending on your system's hardware configuration.

Playing DVDs

To play a DVD

- 1 Close all running software applications.
- 2 Insert a DVD into the optical disc drive.
- 3 If nothing appears on the desktop, then click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click to start the desired DVD software to play the DVD.

For instructions on how to use the software, see the help file on your DVD software.

Copying Files to DVDs

To copy files to a disc

- 1 Connect the AC adapter to the computer.
- 2 Insert a disc into the optical disc drive.
- 3 If nothing appears on the desktop, then click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click to start the desired DVD burning software to copy files to the disc.

For instructions on how to use the software, see the help file on your DVD burning software.

Using PC Cards

PC Cards allow you to connect portable external devices to your computer.

! You cannot use the PC Card if you select the option to disable the PC Card slot with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** or the power supply to the PC Card slot on the **VAIO Power Management** tab in the **Power Options** window. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use** ([page 120](#)) or **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management** ([page 117](#)).

Inserting a PC Card

! Your computer is delivered with a slot protector in the PC Card slot. Remove the slot protector before you use the slot.

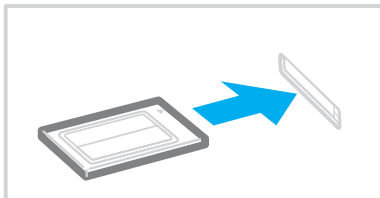
Some PC Cards or their functions may not be compatible with your computer.



You do not need to shut down your computer before inserting or removing a PC Card.

To insert a PC Card

- 1 Push the PC Card release button so that the release button pops out.
- 2 Push the PC Card release button a second time so that the PC Card slot protector pops out.
- 3 Gently take hold of the protector and pull it out of the slot.
- 4 Insert the PC Card into the PC Card slot with the front label facing upward.
- 5 Gently push the PC Card into the slot all the way to the end.
The PC Card is automatically detected by your system.
The **Safely Remove Hardware** icon appears on the taskbar.



! Insert the PC Card slot protector to protect against debris entering the slot when not using a PC Card. Before moving your computer, make sure to insert the PC Card slot protector into the slot.



Some devices may not function properly if you continuously switch to Normal mode from Standby or Hibernate mode. For some PC Cards, if you alternate between Normal mode and Standby or Hibernate mode while the card is inserted, you may find that the device connected to your system through the PC Card is not recognized. Restart your system to correct the problem.

While the card is inserted, your computer may not enter Hibernate mode but Standby mode. We recommend that you remove the card if you want the computer to enter Hibernate mode.

Make sure you use the latest software driver provided by the PC Card manufacturer.

Do not force a PC Card into the slot. It may damage the connector pins. If you have difficulty inserting a PC Card, check that you are inserting the PC Card in the correct direction. See the manual that came with your PC Card for more information.

Removing a PC Card

Follow the steps below to remove the PC Card while your computer is on. If it is not removed properly, your system may not work properly.

To remove a PC Card



To remove a PC Card when your computer is off, skip steps 1 to 6.

- 1 Double-click the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the taskbar.
The **Safely Remove Hardware** window appears.
- 2 Select the hardware you want to unplug.
- 3 Click **Stop**.
The **Stop a Hardware device** window appears.
- 4 Confirm that the device can be safely removed from the system.
- 5 Click **OK**.
A message appears stating it is now safe to remove the hardware device.
- 6 Click **Close** to close the **Safely Remove Hardware** window.
- 7 Push the PC Card release button so that the release button pops out.
- 8 Push the PC Card release button a second time so that the PC Card pops out.
- 9 Gently take hold of the Card and pull it out of the slot.
- 10 If the PC Card release button is still out, push it back in all the way to the end.

Using the Memory Stick Media

Memory Stick media is a compact, portable, and versatile IC recording media especially designed for exchanging and sharing digital data with compatible products, such as digital cameras, mobile phones and other devices. Because it is removable, it can be used for external data storage.

Before You Use the Memory Stick Media

The Memory Stick slot on your computer can accommodate both standard- and Duo-size media and support Memory Stick PRO and Memory Stick PRO-HG Duo media with high speed and high capacity capabilities.



You can insert a Duo-size Memory Stick media directly into the Memory Stick slot without using a Memory Stick Duo Adaptor.



Before using a Memory Stick Micro (M2) media, be sure to insert it into an M2 Standard-size or M2 Duo-size Adaptor. If you insert the media directly into the Memory Stick slot without the Adaptor, you may not be able to remove it from the slot.

For the latest information about the Memory Stick media, visit the Memory Stick Web site at <http://www.memorystick.com/en/>.



Your computer has been tested and found compatible with Sony branded Memory Stick media with capacity of up to 8 GB that are available as of May 2007. However, not all Memory Stick media that meet the same specifications as the compatible media are guaranteed of compatibility.

Inserting a Memory Stick media with multiple conversion adaptors is not guaranteed of compatibility.

MagicGate is the general name of the copyright protection technology developed by Sony. Use a Memory Stick media with the MagicGate logo to use this feature.

Besides for your personal use, it is against the copyright law to use any audio and/or image data you recorded without prior consent from the respective copyright holders. Accordingly, Memory Stick media with such copyrighted data can be used only within the law.

The Memory Stick slot on your computer does not support 8-bit parallel data transfer (high speed data transfer).

The Memory Stick Micro media in an M2 Duo-size Adaptor may not operate properly if it is additionally inserted into a Memory Stick Duo Adaptor.

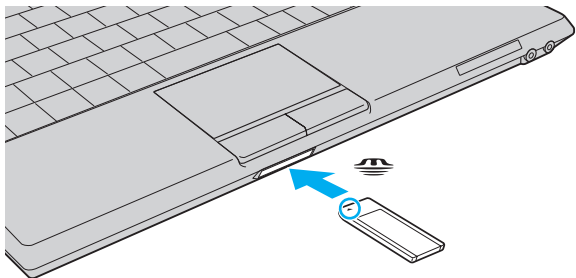
The Memory Stick slot on your computer supports the MagicGate feature. However, the software, which supports the MagicGate feature, is not installed on the computer.

You cannot use a Memory Stick media if you select the option to disable the Memory Stick slot with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** or power supply to the Memory Stick slot on the **VAIO Power Management** tab in the **Power Options** window. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use** ([page 120](#)) or **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management** ([page 117](#)).

Inserting a Memory Stick Media

To insert a Memory Stick media

- 1 Hold the Memory Stick media with the arrow facing upward and pointing toward the Memory Stick slot.
- 2 Carefully slide the Memory Stick media into the slot until it clicks into place.
The Memory Stick media is automatically detected by your system and the content of the Memory Stick media is displayed. If nothing appears on the desktop, click **Start** and **My Computer**, and then double-click the Memory Stick media icon.



! Be sure to hold the Memory Stick media with the arrow pointing in the correct direction as you insert it into the slot. To avoid damaging your computer or the Memory Stick media, do not force the Memory Stick media into the slot if you cannot insert it smoothly.

Do not insert more than one Memory Stick media into the slot. Improper insertion of the media may damage both your computer and the media.

To view the contents of the Memory Stick media

- 1 Click **Start** and then **My Computer** to open the **My Computer** window.
- 2 Double-click the Memory Stick media icon to view the list of data files saved in the Memory Stick media.

To format a Memory Stick media

The Memory Stick media has been formatted in the factory default setting and is ready for use.

If you want to reformat the media with your computer, use the **Memory Stick Formatter** software. See the help file on the **Memory Stick Formatter** software for details.

!
Be sure to use the device that is designed to format the media and supports the Memory Stick media when formatting the media.

Formatting the Memory Stick media erases the entire data on the media. Before formatting the media, make sure that it does not contain your valuable data.

Do not remove the Memory Stick media from the slot while formatting the media. This could cause a malfunction.

Removing a Memory Stick Media

To remove a Memory Stick media

- 1 Check that the Media Access indicator light is off.
- 2 Push the Memory Stick media in toward the computer.
The Memory Stick media ejects.
- 3 Pull the Memory Stick media out of the slot.

! Always remove the Memory Stick media gently, or it may pop out unexpectedly.

Do not remove the Memory Stick media while the Media Access indicator light is on. If you do, you may lose data. Large volumes of data may take time to load, so be sure the indicator is off before removing the Memory Stick media.

Using Other Memory Cards

In addition to the Memory Stick slot, your computer is equipped with an **SD** memory card slot. You can use this slot to transfer data among digital cameras, camcorders, music players, and other audio/video devices.

Before You Use Memory Cards

The **SD** memory card slot on your computer supports the following memory cards:

- SD memory card
- SDHC memory card
- MultiMediaCard (MMC)

For the latest information on compatible memory cards, see **Sony Support Information (page 184)** to visit the appropriate support Web site.

! Your computer has been tested and found compatible only with major memory card media available as of May 2007. However, not all memory card media that meet the same specifications as the compatible media are guaranteed of compatibility.

Always insert the correct memory card into the **SD** memory card slot.

SD memory cards with capacity of up to 2 GB and SDHC memory cards with capacity of up to 8 GB have been tested and found compatible with your computer.

The **SD** memory card slot on your computer does not support the copyright protection and high-speed data transfer features of the SD memory card and SDHC memory card.

Do not attempt to insert a memory card or memory card adapter of a different type into the **SD** memory card slot. An incompatible memory card or memory card adapter may cause difficulty in removing from the slot and can cause damage to your computer.

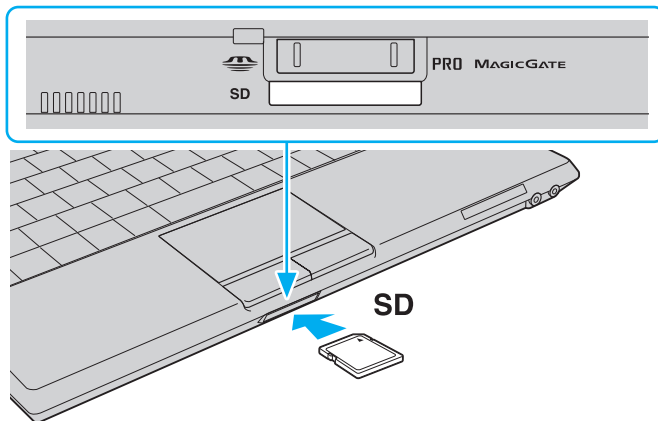
Use care when inserting or removing a memory card from the **SD** memory card slot. Do not force the memory card in or out of the slot.

You cannot use a memory card if you select the option to disable the **SD** memory card slot with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** or power supply to the **SD** memory card slot on the **VAIO Power Management** tab in the **Power Options** window. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use (page 120)** or **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management (page 117)**.

Inserting a Memory Card

To insert a memory card

- 1 Locate the **SD** memory card slot.
- 2 Hold the memory card with the arrow facing upward and pointing toward the memory card slot.



- 3 Carefully slide the memory card into the slot until it clicks into place.
Do not force the card into the slot.



If the memory card does not go into the slot easily, remove it gently and verify you are inserting it in the proper direction.

Removing a Memory Card

! Do not remove a memory card while the Media Access indicator light is on. If you do, the card or its data may become damaged.

To remove a memory card


- 1 Check that the Media Access indicator light is off.
- 2 Press the extended part of the memory card, causing it to extend out from the slot.
- 3 When the card extends, carefully pull it out of the slot.

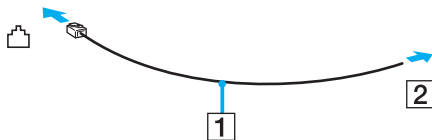
Using the Internet

Setting Up a Dial-up Internet Connection

Before you can connect to the Internet, you need to connect your computer to a telephone line with a telephone cable (not supplied). Once you have set up your telephone cable connection, you are ready to connect to the Internet.

To connect a telephone cable

- 1 Plug one end of the phone cable (1) into the modem port  on the computer.
- 2 Plug the other end into the wall jack (2).



Your computer does not work with party lines, cannot be connected to a coin-operated telephone, and may not work with multiple telephone lines or a private branch exchange (PBX). Some of these connections may result in excess electrical current and could cause a malfunction in the internal modem.

If you connect a telephone cable coming through a splitter, the modem or connected device may not work properly.

To set up a dial-up connection to the Internet

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, **Accessories**, and **Communications**, and then click **New Connection Wizard**.
The **New Connection Wizard** appears.
- 2 Click **Next**.
If the **Location Information** window appears, follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3 If it is not already selected, click **Connect to the Internet** and then **Next**.
- 4 Follow the on-screen instructions.

Using Wireless LAN (WLAN)

Using the Sony Wireless LAN (WLAN), all your digital devices with built-in WLAN functionality communicate freely with each other through a network. A WLAN is a network in which a user can connect to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a wireless (radio) connection. So there is no need anymore to pull cables or wires through walls and ceilings.

The Sony WLAN supports all normal Ethernet connectivity, but with the added benefits of mobility and roaming. You can still access information, Internet/intranet and network resources, even in the middle of a meeting, or as you move from one place to another.

You can communicate without an access point, which means that you can communicate with a limited number of computers (ad-hoc). Or you can communicate through an access point, which allows you to create a full infrastructure network.



In some countries, using WLAN products may be restricted by the local regulations (e.g. limited number of channels). Therefore, before activating the WLAN functionality, carefully read the **Wireless LAN Regulations** in the **Regulations, Warranty, EULA and Service Support** booklet.

WLAN uses the IEEE 802.11a^{*}/b/g standard or the draft form of the IEEE 802.11n^{*} standard, which specifies the used technology. The standard includes the encryption methods: Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), which is a security protocol, Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 (WPA2), and Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA). Proposed jointly by the IEEE and Wi-Fi Alliance, both WPA2 and WPA are specifications of standards based, interoperable security enhancements that increase the level of data protection and access control for existing Wi-Fi networks. WPA has been designed to be forward compatible with the IEEE 802.11i specification. It utilizes the enhanced data encryption TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) in addition to user authentication using 802.1X and EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol). Data encryption protects the vulnerable wireless link between clients and access points. Besides that, there are other typical LAN security mechanisms to ensure privacy, such as: password protection, end-to-end encryption, virtual private networks, and authentication. WPA2, the second generation of WPA, provides stronger data protection and network access control and is also designed to secure all versions of 802.11 devices, including 802.11b, 802.11a, 802.11g, and 802.11n, multi-band and multi-mode. In addition, based on the ratified IEEE 802.11i standard, WPA2 provides government grade security by implementing the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) FIPS 140-2 compliant AES encryption algorithm and 802.1X-based authentication. WPA2 is backward compatible with WPA.

* See the online **Specifications** to see whether your model supports the IEEE 802.11a standard and/or the draft form of the IEEE 802.11n standard.

IEEE 802.11b/g is a wireless LAN standard, using the 2.4 GHz bandwidth. The IEEE 802.11g standard provides high-speed communications, faster than the IEEE 802.11b standard.

IEEE 802.11a is a wireless LAN standard, using the 5 GHz bandwidth, and provides high-speed communications of up to 54 Mbps.

IEEE 802.11n is a wireless LAN standard, using the 2.4 or 5 GHz bandwidth, and provides high-speed communications of up to 300 Mbps*.

* Actual communication speed varies depending on your access point settings and so on.

Your computer may employ the Intel® Next-Gen Wireless-N technology* compliant with the IEEE 802.11a/b/g standard and the draft form of the IEEE 802.11n standard.

* Employed only on models that support the draft form of the IEEE 802.11n standard.

Wireless LAN devices using the 2.4 GHz bandwidth and the ones using the 5 GHz bandwidth cannot communicate with each other because the frequencies are different.

The 2.4 GHz bandwidth used by wireless LAN compatible devices is also used by other various devices. Although technologies to minimize interference from other devices that use the same bandwidth are employed on wireless LAN compatible devices, such interference may cause lower communication speed, narrower communication range, or broken wireless connections.

The communication speed varies depending on the distance between communication devices, existence of obstacles between such devices, the device configuration, the radio conditions, and the software in use. In addition, communications may be cut off depending on the radio conditions.

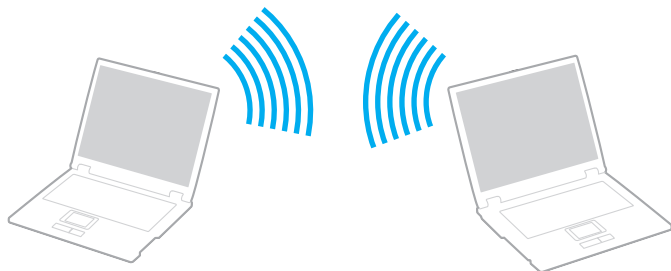
The communication range varies depending on the actual distance between communication devices, existence of obstacles between such devices, the radio conditions, the ambient environment that includes existence of walls and materials of such walls, and the software in use.

Deploying IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g products on the same wireless network may reduce the communication speed due to radio interference. Taking this into consideration, the IEEE 802.11g products are designed to reduce the communication speed to ensure communications with IEEE 802.11b products. When the communication speed is not as fast as expected, changing the wireless channel on the access point may increase the communication speed.

Communicating without an Access Point (Ad-hoc)

An ad-hoc network is a network in which a LAN is created only by the wireless devices themselves, with no other central controller or access point. Each device communicates directly with other devices in the network. You can set up an ad-hoc network easily at home.




- If the wireless connection is initiated by the VAIO computer, channel 11 will be selected.
- If the wireless connection is initiated by peer wireless LAN equipment, the wireless LAN communication will make use of the channel selected by the peer wireless LAN equipment.



To communicate without an access point (ad-hoc)



The IEEE 802.11n standard, using the 2.4 or 5 GHz bandwidth, is not available on ad-hoc networks.

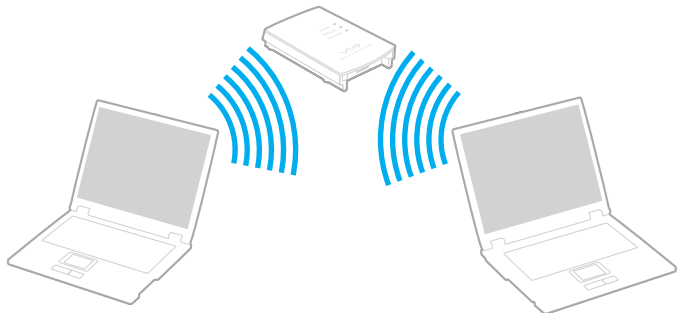
- 1** Turn on the **WIRELESS** switch.
The Wireless LAN indicator lights up.
- 2** Double-click  ( / ) on the taskbar to display the **Wireless Device Switch** window. Select your desired wireless option(s) and click **OK**.
- 3** Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 4** Click **Network and Internet Connections**.
- 5** Click **Network Connections**.
The **Network Connections** window appears.
- 6** Right-click **Wireless Network Connection**, then click **Properties**.
The **Wireless Network Connection Properties** window appears.
- 7** Select the **Wireless Networks** tab.
- 8** Click the **Add...** button.
The **Wireless network properties** window appears.
- 9** Follow the on-screen instructions.

Communicating with an Access Point (Infrastructure)




An infrastructure network is a network that extends an existing wired local network to wireless devices by providing an access point (not supplied), for example the Sony Access Point. The access point bridges the wireless and wired LAN and acts as a central controller for the wireless LAN. The access point coordinates transmission and reception from multiple wireless devices within a specific range.

The access point will select which channel to use on an infrastructure network.

! For details on how to select the channel that will be used by the access point, see the manual that came with your access point.



To connect to a wireless network

- 1 Make sure an access point is set up.
See the manual that came with your access point for more information.
- 2 Turn on the **WIRELESS** switch.
The Wireless LAN indicator lights up.
- 3 Double-click  ( / ) on the taskbar to display the **Wireless Device Switch** window. Select your desired wireless option(s) and click **OK**.
- 4 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 5 Click **Network and Internet Connections**.
- 6 Click **Network Connections**.
- 7 In the right panel under **LAN or High-Speed Internet**, double-click **Wireless Network Connection**.
The **Wireless Network Connection** window appears.
- 8 Follow the on-screen instructions.

Stopping Wireless LAN Communication

To stop wireless LAN communication

Turn off the **WIRELESS** switch.



Turning off the wireless LAN functionality while accessing remote documents, files, or resources may result in data loss.






For WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK authentication, you must enter a passphrase. The passphrase is case sensitive and must be between 8 and 63 alphanumeric characters long or up to 64 characters long using numbers from 0 to 9 and letters from A to F.

Using the Bluetooth Functionality

You can establish wireless communication between your computer and other Bluetooth devices such as another computer or a mobile phone. You can transfer data between these devices without cables and up to 10 meters range in open space.

To start Bluetooth communications

- 1 Turn on the **WIRELESS** switch.
- 2 Double-click  ( / ) on the taskbar to display the **Wireless Device Switch** window.
- 3 Select the **Enable Bluetooth Device** option.
- 4 Click **OK**.

Notes on using the Bluetooth functionality

- ❑ The data transfer rate varies, depending on the following conditions:
 - ❑ Obstacles, such as walls, located between devices
 - ❑ Distance between devices
 - ❑ Material used in walls
 - ❑ Proximity to microwaves and cordless telephones
 - ❑ Radio frequency interference and other environmental conditions
 - ❑ Device configuration
 - ❑ Type of software application
 - ❑ Type of operating system
 - ❑ Use of both wireless LAN and Bluetooth functionalities at the same time on your computer
 - ❑ Size of file being exchanged
- ❑ Note that due to limitations of the Bluetooth standard, large files may occasionally be corrupted during continuous transfer due to electromagnetic interference in the environment.
- ❑ All Bluetooth devices must be certified to make sure that the applicable standard requirements are maintained. Even if standards are met, individual device performance, specifications, and operation procedures can vary. Data exchange may not be possible in all situations.
- ❑ As general characteristics of Bluetooth technology, video and audio may go out of synchronization if you play videos on your computer with audio output from the connected Bluetooth device.

- ❑ The 2.4 GHz band, with which Bluetooth devices or wireless LAN devices work, is used by various devices. Bluetooth devices use the technology to minimize the interference from other devices that use the same wave length. Simultaneous use of the Bluetooth functionality and wireless communication devices, however, may cause radio interference and result in poorer communication speeds and distances than the standard values.



Read the **Bluetooth Regulations** in the **Regulations, Warranty, EULA and Service Support** booklet before using the Bluetooth functionality.

- ❑ The Bluetooth functionality may not work depending on the third party devices or the software version used by third party companies.
- ❑ As general characteristics of Bluetooth technology, connecting multiple Bluetooth devices to your computer may cause bandwidth congestion, resulting in poor performance of the devices.

Bluetooth Security

The Bluetooth wireless technology has an authentication function, which allows you to determine with whom you choose to communicate. With the authentication function, you can avoid any anonymous Bluetooth device to access your computer.

The first time two Bluetooth devices communicate, a common passkey (a password required for authentication) should be determined for both devices to be registered. Once a device is registered, there is no need to re-enter the passkey.

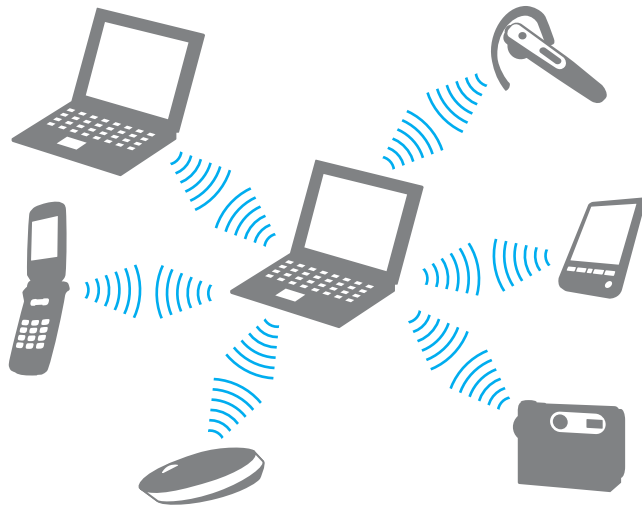


The passkey can be different each time, but must be the same at both ends.

For certain devices, such as a mouse, no passkey can be entered.

Communicating with Another Bluetooth Device


You can connect your computer to a Bluetooth device such as another computer, a mobile phone, a PDA, a headset, a mouse, or a digital camera without the use of any cables.



To communicate with another Bluetooth device

To communicate with another Bluetooth device, you need first to set up the Bluetooth functionality. For setting up and using the Bluetooth functionality, see the help file on the Bluetooth utility software.

To see the help file

Right-click the Bluetooth icon  on the taskbar, and select **Help** from the menu.

Stopping Bluetooth Communications


To stop Bluetooth communications

Turn off the **WIRELESS** switch. The Bluetooth indicator turns off.


Using the Bluetooth Headset

The Bluetooth headset (not supplied) will come in handy during a video conference over the Internet using instant messaging software. For details on using the Bluetooth headset, see the manual that came with your Bluetooth headset.

To connect the headset with your computer

- 1 Press and hold the headset power button for at least five seconds to turn on the Bluetooth headset.
- 2 Press and hold the volume buttons for at least five seconds until the indicator light blinks in red and green.
- 3 Right-click the Bluetooth icon  on the taskbar and select **Bluetooth Settings** from the menu.
The **Bluetooth Settings** window appears and **Add New Connection Wizard** automatically starts.
- 4 If the **Add New Connection Wizard** window does not appear, click **New Connection**.
The **Add New Connection Wizard** window appears.
- 5 Select **Express Mode (Recommended)** and then click **Next**.
The wizard searches for Bluetooth devices in range and lists available devices, if any.
- 6 Select the device name for your Bluetooth headset and then click **Next**.
The **Bluetooth Manager-Bluetooth Security** window appears when a connection is established.
- 7 Enter "0000" for **Bluetooth Passkey (PIN)** and then click **OK**.
- 8 Click **Next**.
The headset icon appears in the **Bluetooth Settings** window.
- 9 Right-click the icon and select **Connect** from the menu.

To disconnect the headset from your computer

- 1 Right-click the Bluetooth icon  on the taskbar and select **Bluetooth Settings** from the menu. The **Bluetooth Settings** window appears.
- 2 Right-click the headset icon and select **Disconnect** from the menu.
- 3 Click **Yes**.

Using Peripheral Devices


You can add functionality to your VAIO computer by using the various ports on the computer.

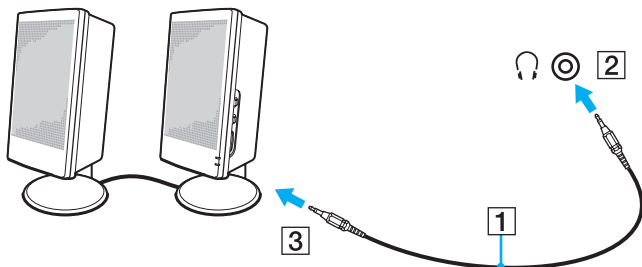
- ❑ **Connecting External Speakers** ([page 76](#))
- ❑ **Connecting an External Display** ([page 77](#))
- ❑ **Selecting Display Modes** ([page 80](#))
- ❑ **Using the Multiple Monitors Function** ([page 81](#))
- ❑ **Connecting an External Microphone** ([page 83](#))
- ❑ **Connecting a Universal Serial Bus (USB) Device** ([page 84](#))
- ❑ **Connecting a Printer** ([page 87](#))
- ❑ **Connecting to a Network (LAN)** ([page 88](#))

Connecting External Speakers

You can enhance the sound quality of your computer by connecting external speakers.

To connect external speakers

- 1 Plug the speaker cable (1) into the headphones jack (2) .
- 2 Plug the other end of the speaker cable to the external speaker (3).
- 3 Turn down the volume of the speakers before you turn them on.



Make sure your speakers are designed for computer use.



Do not place floppy disks on the speakers; their magnetic field may damage the data on the disks.

Connecting an External Display

You can connect an external display (not supplied) to your computer. For example, you can use the computer with a computer display or a projector.



Connect the power cord after connecting all other cables.

Connected external displays are used as secondary screens.

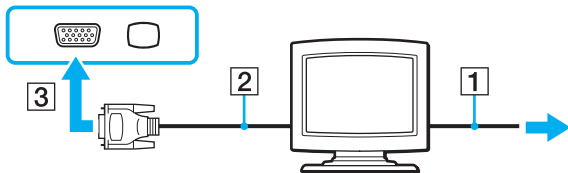
On the Windows operating system, you can also use an external display to set up multiple monitors.

Connecting a Computer Display

You can connect a computer display (monitor) to your computer.

To connect a computer display

- 1 If necessary, plug one end of the display's power cord (1) into your display, and the other end into an AC outlet.
- 2 Plug the display cable (2) (not supplied) into the monitor (VGA) port (3) on the computer.

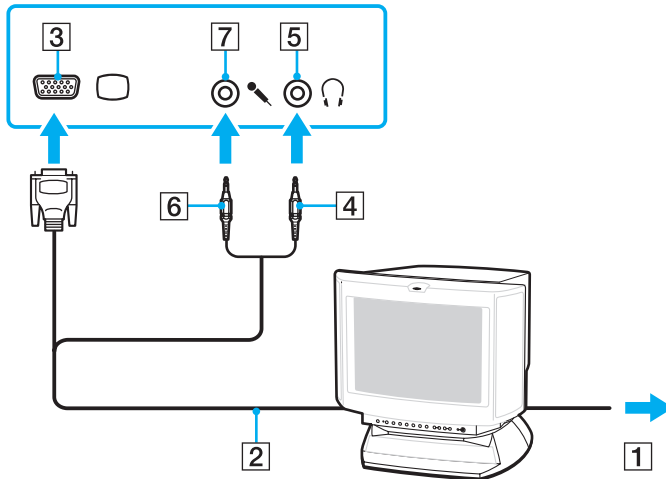


Connecting a Multimedia Computer Display

You can connect a multimedia computer display that includes built-in speakers and a microphone to your computer.

To connect a multimedia computer display

- 1 Plug the power cord of your multimedia computer display (1) into an AC outlet.
- 2 Plug the display cable (2) (not supplied) into the monitor (VGA) port (3) □ on the computer.
- 3 Plug the speaker cable (4) into the headphones jack (5) 🎧 on the computer.
- 4 Plug the microphone cable (6) into the microphone jack (7) 🎤 on the computer.

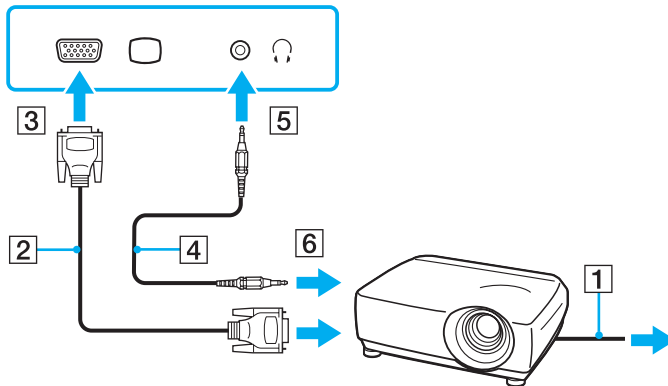


Connecting a Projector

You can connect a projector (for example, the Sony LCD projector) to your computer.

To connect a projector

- 1 Connect the power cord (1) of your projector into an AC outlet.
- 2 Plug an RGB signal cable (2) (not supplied) into the monitor (VGA) port (3) □ on the computer.
- 3 Plug an audio cable (4) (not supplied) into the headphones jack (5) 🎧 on the computer.
- 4 Plug the RGB signal cable and the audio cable into the jack and port on the projector (6).



Selecting Display Modes

You can select which display to be used as the primary monitor when an external display (desktop monitor, etc.) is connected to your computer.

If you want to work on your computer screen and the external display at the same time, see **Using the Multiple Monitors Function (page 81)** for more information.

To select a display

- 1 Right-click on the desktop to display the context menu.
- 2 Click the menu item for graphic properties.
- 3 Follow the on-screen instructions to change the settings.



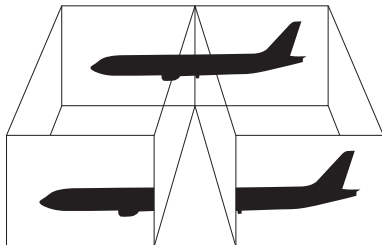
You may not be able to display the same contents on your computer screen and the external display or projector at the same time, depending on the type of your external display or projector.

Before turning on your computer, turn on the peripheral devices.

Using the Multiple Monitors Function

The Multiple Monitors function allows you to distribute portions of your desktop across separate displays. For example, if you have an external display connected to the monitor (VGA) port, your computer screen and the external display can function as a single desktop.

You can move the cursor from one display to the other. This allows you to drag objects, such as an open application window or a toolbar, from one display to the other.



Your external display may not support the Multiple Monitors function.

Certain software applications may not be compatible with Multiple Monitors settings.

Make sure that your computer does not enter Standby or Hibernate mode while you are using Multiple Monitors mode; otherwise the computer may not return to Normal mode.

If you set different colors on each display, do not expand a single window across two displays; otherwise your software may not work properly.

Set fewer colors or a lower resolution for each display.

To select the Multiple Monitors mode

- 1 Right-click on the desktop to display the context menu.
- 2 Click the menu item for graphic properties.
- 3 Follow the on-screen instructions to change the settings.




You can also change the **S** button assignment to activate the Multiple Monitors mode with the **S** button. To change the **S** button assignment, press and hold the **S** button to display the window for changing the assignment. For details on the **S** button, see **Using Special-function Buttons** ([page 35](#)).

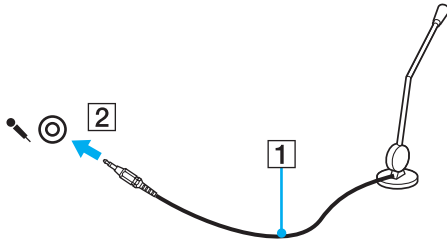
Additionally, you can set the display colors and resolution for each display and customize the Multiple Monitors mode.

Connecting an External Microphone

If you need to use a sound input device (for example, to chat over the Internet), you need to plug in an external microphone (not supplied).

To connect an external microphone

Plug the microphone cable (1) into the microphone jack (2) .



Make sure your microphone is designed for computer use.

Connecting a Universal Serial Bus (USB) Device

To prevent your computer and/or USB devices from damage, observe the following:


- ❑ When moving the computer with USB devices connected, avoid any shock or force to the USB ports.
- ❑ Do not put the computer into a bag or carrying case when it has USB devices connected.

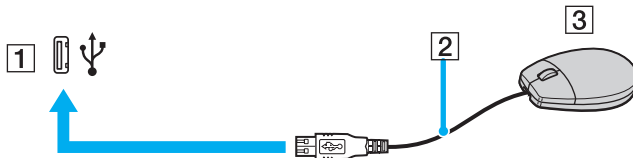
!

You cannot write data to USB devices if you select the option to restrict the USB ports to read-only access with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility**. To change the setting, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use** ([page 120](#)).

Connecting a USB Mouse

To connect a USB mouse


- 1 Choose the USB port (1)  you prefer to use.
 - 2 Plug the USB mouse cable (2) into the USB port.
- You can now use your USB mouse (not supplied) (3).

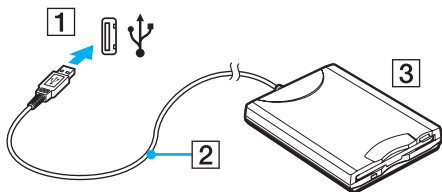


Connecting a USB Floppy Disk Drive

You can purchase a USB floppy disk drive and connect it to your computer.

To connect a USB floppy disk drive

- 1 Choose the USB port (1)  you prefer to use.
 - 2 Plug the USB floppy disk drive cable (2) into the USB port.
- Your USB floppy disk drive (3) is now ready for use.



! When using a USB floppy disk drive, do not apply force on the USB port. This may cause a malfunction.

Disconnecting a USB floppy disk drive

You can disconnect a USB floppy disk drive when your computer is on or off. Disconnecting the drive when the computer is in a power saving mode (Standby or Hibernate) may cause the computer to malfunction.

To disconnect a USB floppy disk drive



To disconnect a USB floppy disk drive when your computer is off, skip steps 1 to 7.

- 1 Close all programs accessing the floppy disk drive.
- 2 Double-click the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon on the taskbar.
The **Safely Remove Hardware** window appears.
- 3 Select the floppy disk drive you want to unplug.
- 4 Click **Stop**.
The **Stop a Hardware device** window appears.
- 5 Confirm that the floppy disk drive can be safely removed from the system.
- 6 Click **OK**.
A message appears stating it is now safe to remove the hardware device.
- 7 Click **Close** to close the **Safely Remove Hardware** window.
- 8 Disconnect the floppy disk drive from the computer.

Connecting a Printer

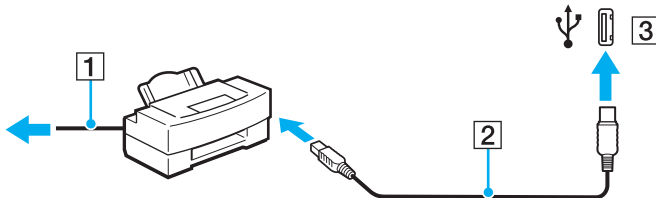
You can connect a Windows-compatible printer to your computer to print documents.

Connecting a Printer Using the USB Port

You can connect a USB printer compatible with your version of Windows to the computer.

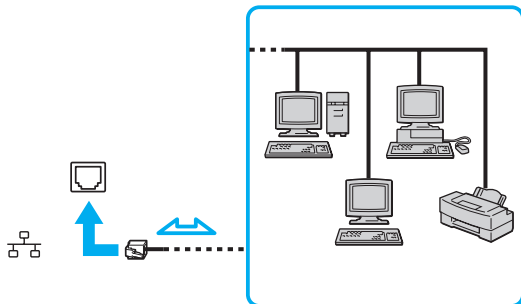
To connect a printer using the USB port

- 1 Plug the power cord (1) of your printer into an AC outlet.
- 2 Choose the USB port (3) you prefer to use.
- 3 Plug one end of a USB printer cable (2) (not supplied) into the USB port and the other end to your printer.



Connecting to a Network (LAN)

You can connect your computer to 1000BASE-T/100BASE-TX/10BASE-T-type networks with an Ethernet network cable. Connect one end of a network cable (not supplied) to the network (Ethernet) port on the computer and the other end to your network. For detailed settings and devices needed to connect to the network, ask your network administrator.



Your computer can be connected to the network with the default settings.

! Telephone lines cannot be connected to the network (LAN) connector on your computer. If the network (LAN) connector is connected to the telephone lines mentioned below, high electric current to the connector may cause damage, overheating, or fire.

- Home (intercom speakerphone) or business-use telephone lines (multi-line business telephone)
- Public telephone subscriber line
- PBX (private branch exchange)

Do not plug a telephone cable into the network port.

Customizing Your VAIO Computer

This section briefly describes how to change the main settings of your VAIO computer. Among other things, you will learn how to use and customize the look of your Sony software and utilities, etc.

- ❑ **Setting the Password** ([page 90](#))
- ❑ **Using Fingerprint Authentication** ([page 95](#))
- ❑ **Using Trusted Platform Module (TPM)** ([page 103](#))
- ❑ **Setting Up Your Computer with VAIO Control Center** ([page 110](#))
- ❑ **Using VAIO Status Monitor** ([page 111](#))
- ❑ **Using the Power Saving Modes** ([page 112](#))
- ❑ **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management** ([page 117](#))
- ❑ **Changing the Performance Setting** ([page 119](#))
- ❑ **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use** ([page 120](#))
- ❑ **Configuring Your Modem** ([page 122](#))
- ❑ **Protecting the Hard Disk** ([page 124](#))

Setting the Password

In addition to the Windows password, you can use one of the BIOS functions to set a power-on password to protect your computer.

Once you have set the power-on password, you will be prompted to enter the password after the VAIO logo appears to start your computer. The power-on password allows you to protect your computer from unauthorized access.

Adding the Power-on Password

The power-on password is provided to protect your computer from unauthorized access.

There are two types of the power-on password: machine password and user password. The machine password is provided for users with administrator rights on the computer to change all the setup options in the BIOS setup screen, as well as to start the computer. The user password is provided for the standard users to allow for changing some of the BIOS setup options, as well as starting the computer. To set the user password, you must first set the machine password.

! Once you have set the power-on password, you cannot start your computer without entering the password. Make sure not to forget the password. Write down your password and keep it safe and private from other people.

If you forget the power-on password and need assistance to reset it, a password reset fee will be charged, and your computer may need to be sent in for depot service for password reset.



If you have set the power-on password in conjunction with the fingerprint authentication functionality, you can substitute fingerprint authentication for password entry when turning on your computer. For more information, see **Using Fingerprint Authentication (page 95)**.

To add the power-on password

- 1 Turn on the computer.
- 2 Press the **F2** key when the VAIO logo appears.
The BIOS setup screen appears. If not, restart the computer and press the **F2** key several times when the VAIO logo appears.
- 3 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Security** to display the **Security** tab, select **Set Machine Password**, and then press the **Enter** key.
- 4 On the password entry screen, enter the password twice and press the **Enter** key.
The password can be up to 32 alphanumeric characters (including spaces) long.
- 5 At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.



The following is to configure your computer to prompt password entry when you turn it on or display the BIOS setup screen.

- 6 Select **Password when Power On** under **Security**.
Press the space bar to change the setting from **Disabled** to **Enabled**.
- 7 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Exit**, select **Exit (Save Changes)** or **Exit Setup**, and then press the **Enter** key.
At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.

Changing/Removing the Power-on Password


To change or remove the power-on password

- 1 Turn on the computer.
- 2 Press the **F2** key when the VAIO logo appears.
The BIOS setup screen appears. If not, restart the computer and press the **F2** key several times when the VAIO logo appears.
- 3 Enter the current password for **Enter Password** and press the **Enter** key.
- 4 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Security** to display the **Security** tab, select **Set Machine Password**, and then press the **Enter** key.
- 5 On the password entry screen, enter the current password once and a new password twice, and then press the **Enter** key.
To remove the password, leave the **Enter New Password** and **Confirm New Password** fields blank and press the **Enter** key.
At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.
- 6 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Exit**, select **Exit (Save Changes)** or **Exit Setup**, and then press the **Enter** key.
At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.

Adding the Windows Password

The Windows password comes in handy when you have to share a single computer with other people. By setting the Windows password, you can protect your user account from unauthorized access.


Entry of the Windows password will be prompted after you select your user account.

 Make sure not to forget the password. Write down your password and keep it safe and private from other people.

 If you have set the Windows password in conjunction with the fingerprint authentication functionality, you can substitute fingerprint authentication for password entry when turning on your computer. For more information, see **Using Fingerprint Authentication (page 95)**.

To add the Windows password

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click the **User Accounts** icon.
- 3 Click your user account under **or pick an account to change**.
- 4 Click **Create a password**.
- 5 In the **Type a new password** and **Type the new password again to confirm** fields, enter the password for your account.
- 6 Click **Create Password**.

 See **Help and Support Center** for more information on the Windows password.

Changing/Removing the Windows Password

To change the Windows password

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click the **User Accounts** icon.
- 3 Click your user account under **or pick an account to change**.
- 4 Click **Change my password**.
- 5 Enter the current password under **Type your current password**.
- 6 Enter a new password under **Type a new password** and the same password under **Type the new password again to confirm**.
- 7 Click **Change Password**.

To remove the Windows password

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click the **User Accounts** icon.
- 3 Click your user account under **or pick an account to change**.
- 4 Click **Remove my password**.
- 5 Enter the current password that you want to remove.
- 6 Click **Remove Password**.

Using Fingerprint Authentication

Your computer is equipped with a fingerprint sensor to provide you with additional convenience. A small horizontal bar located at the upper left of the keyboard is the sensor of the fingerprint reader and will be referred to as the fingerprint sensor hereinafter.

Once you have registered your fingerprint(s), the fingerprint authentication functionality offers:

- ❑ A substitute for password entry
 - ❑ Logging onto Windows ([page 100](#))
If you have enrolled your fingerprints for your user account, you can substitute fingerprint authentication for password entry when logging onto Windows.
 - ❑ Power-on Security feature ([page 100](#))
If you have set the power-on password ([page 90](#)), you can substitute fingerprint authentication for password entry when starting your computer.
- ❑ Password bank for quick Web site access ([page 101](#))
You can substitute fingerprint authentication for entering information (user accounts, passwords, etc.) required to access the password-protected Web sites.
- ❑ File Safe feature to encrypt/decrypt data ([page 101](#))
With the File Safe feature, you can encrypt files and folder to create an encrypted archive. To decrypt or access such encrypted archives, you can use the fingerprint authentication or enter the password you specified for encryption.
- ❑ Application launcher function for quick application access ([page 101](#))
Once you have assigned an application to your finger, you can then swipe the finger across the fingerprint sensor to launch the assigned application.

Precautions on Using Fingerprint Authentication

- ❑ The fingerprint authentication technology does not ensure complete user authentication or complete protection of your data and hardware.
Sony assumes no liabilities for any problems and damages arising out of your use of or inability to use the fingerprint sensor.
- ❑ The fingerprint recognition rate depends on your operating conditions and varies among individuals as well.
- ❑ Be sure to make a backup copy of the data stored on the hard disk drive, especially in the encrypted archives created with the File Safe feature, before sending your computer for repair.
Sony assumes no liabilities for any loss or modification of your data that might have occurred during the course of repair.
- ❑ In case the hard disk drive has to be initialized, for example after the repair work, the fingerprint templates will be lost. You will have to enroll them all over again.
- ❑ The maintenance and management of data concerning fingerprint authentication must be carried out at your own risk. Sony assumes no liabilities for any defects arising out of your data maintenance and management.
- ❑ Before disposing of your computer or transferring it to a third person, it is strongly recommended you erase the fingerprint data enrolled on the fingerprint sensor after erasing the data stored on your hard disk drive. See **Erasing the Enrolled Fingerprints (page 102)** for the detailed procedure.

Enrolling a Fingerprint

To use the fingerprint authentication functionality, you must enroll your fingerprint(s) in your computer.



Set the Windows password on your computer before enrollment. See **Adding the Windows Password (page 93)** for the detailed instructions.

To enroll a fingerprint



Up to 10 fingerprints can be enrolled for each user and up to 21 fingerprints can be enrolled for logging onto your system using the Power-on Security feature. You can also select the finger of which fingerprint you want to use for the Power-on Security feature later.

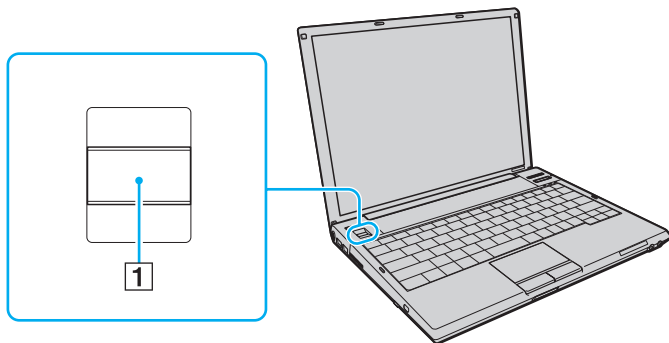
- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Control Center**.
The **Fingerprint Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Click **Fingerprints** and **Initialize**.
- 3 Follow the on-screen instructions.



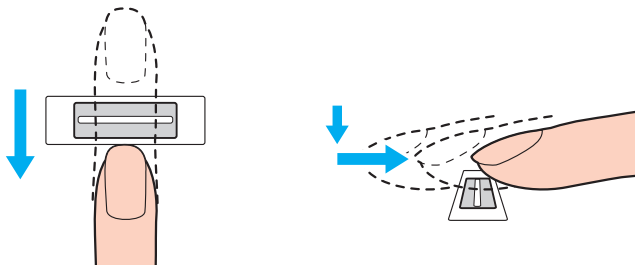
To read the detailed description, open the help file from the **Fingerprint Control Center** window.

If you have failed to enroll a fingerprint, follow these steps to try again.

- 1 Place the top joint of your finger on the fingerprint sensor (1).



- 2 Swipe your finger perpendicularly across the fingerprint sensor.



! Place your fingertip flat in the center of the fingerprint sensor.

Scan your fingerprint from the top joint of the finger to the fingertip.

Keep your finger in contact with the fingerprint sensor while swiping.

Fingerprint enrollment may fail if you move your finger too fast or too slow. Let the fingerprint sensor take about one second to scan your fingerprint.

You may not be able to enroll and/or have your fingerprint(s) recognized if your finger is excessively dry or wet, wrinkled, injured, dirty, etc.

Enroll more than one fingerprint in case of inability to recognize the fingerprint.

Up to 10 fingerprints can be enrolled per person. Note that up to 21 fingerprints can be enrolled for logging onto your system using the Power-on Security feature.

Be sure to clean your fingertip(s) and the fingerprint sensor before swiping in order to keep good recognition performance.

Logging Onto Your System

To use the fingerprint authentication functionality in place of password entry to log onto your system, you need to set the power-on and Windows passwords and configure your computer for fingerprint authentication.

For setting the power-on and Windows passwords, see **Setting the Password (page 90)**.

Logging onto Windows

If you have enrolled fingerprints for your user account, you can substitute fingerprint authentication for Windows password [\(page 93\)](#) entry. To log onto Windows, swipe the finger with the enrolled fingerprint across the fingerprint sensor when the Windows log-on screen appears.

For detailed information on logging onto Windows, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

Power-on Security feature

If you have set the power-on password [\(page 90\)](#), you can substitute fingerprint authentication for password entry when starting your computer.

For detailed information on the Power-on Security feature, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

Using the Password Bank

Once you have registered your user information (user accounts, passwords, etc.) for Web sites in the password bank, you can substitute fingerprint authentication for entering information required to access the password-protected Web sites.

For detailed information on using the password bank, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

! You may not be able to use the password bank feature depending on the Web site you access.

Using the File Safe Feature

With the File Safe feature, you can create an encrypted archive to include a file and/or folder for protection against unauthorized access. The encrypted archive can be decrypted or unlocked for included file/folder access by swiping your finger across the fingerprint sensor or entering the backup password you specified for encryption.

For detailed information on using the File Safe feature, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

Using the Application Launcher

The application launcher feature is available on your computer for launching your preferred application (executable file) that is assigned to one of your fingers with the enrolled fingerprint. Once you have assigned an application to your finger, you can launch the assigned application simply by swiping your finger across the fingerprint sensor.

For detailed information on using the application launcher feature, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

Using Fingerprint Authentication with the TPM

With the TPM data encryption feature, using fingerprint authentication can strengthen computer security. For instructions on how to use the TPM, see **Using Trusted Platform Module (TPM)** (page 103).

For detailed information on using fingerprint authentication with the TPM, click **Start**, point to **All Programs, Protector Suite QL**, and click **Help** to read the help file.

Erasing the Enrolled Fingerprints

Before disposing of your computer or transferring it to a third person, it is strongly recommended you erase the fingerprint data enrolled on the fingerprint sensor after erasing the data stored on your hard disk drive.

To erase the enrolled fingerprints

- 1 Turn on the computer.
- 2 Press the **F2** key when the VAIO logo appears.
The BIOS setup screen appears. If not, restart the computer and press the **F2** key several times when the VAIO logo appears.
- 3 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Security** to display the **Security** tab.
- 4 Press the **↓** key to select **Clear Fingerprint Data** and press the **Enter** key.
- 5 At the confirmation prompt, select **Continue** and press the **Enter** key.
The fingerprint data enrolled on the fingerprint sensor is erased automatically after your system restarts.

Using Trusted Platform Module (TPM)

The embedded Trusted Platform Module (TPM) provides your computer with basic security functions. In combination with the TPM, you can encrypt and decrypt your data to strengthen computer security against inappropriate access.

TPMs are defined by Trusted Computing Group (TCG) and also called security chips.

Precautions on Using the TPM

- ❑ Although your computer is provided with the latest TPM security functions, these functions do not ensure complete protection of your data and hardware. Sony assumes no liabilities for any problems and damages arising out of your use of the functions.
- ❑ After you have installed the Infineon TPM Professional Package, you need to set a few TPM passwords on your computer. Without these passwords, you will not be able to restore any TPM-protected data. Be sure to write down the passwords and keep them safe and private from other people.
- ❑ Be sure to make backup copies of the latest emergency recovery archive file, emergency recovery token file, password reset token file, and personal secret file and keep them safe and private from other people before sending your computer for repair. The data stored in the TPM that is embedded on the motherboard may be lost or corrupted during the course of repair.
- ❑ During the course of repair, the TPM may be replaced even if there are no problems with the modules. In such a case, use the backup copies of the emergency recovery archive file, emergency recovery token file, password reset token file, and personal secret file to restore the TPM configuration.
- ❑ Be sure to make a backup copy of the data stored on the hard disk drive before sending your computer for repair. The hard disk drive may be initialized and returned after the repair work and, in such a case, you will not be able to restore the data on the hard disk drive using the backup copies of the emergency recovery archive file, emergency recovery token file, password reset token file, and personal secret file.

- ❑ Make sure you set up the automatic backup operations after completing the TPM initialization wizard. If the window containing the **Run automatic backup now** check box is displayed after the setup, select the check box and update the backup files. The restore process using the backup files may fail if you do not set up the automatic backup operations.
- ❑ The maintenance and management of TPM-protected data must be carried out at your own risk. Sony assumes no liabilities for any defects arising out of your data maintenance and management.

Important Notice

- ❑ Do not encrypt files containing keys to be used for encryption and folders including such files. Encrypting the files in the folders containing basic user keys and others, using the Encrypting File System (EFS) will disable you to launch your TPM software and decrypt the encrypted data in the following cases:
 - ❑ The TPM software has been installed.
 - ❑ The platform has been initialized.
 - ❑ The EFS functionality has been enabled in user initialization process.

With the default settings, the files in the folders below cannot be encrypted because they have system attributes. Do not change the system attributes of the files in the folders below.

- ❑ Folders containing basic user keys and others
 - C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Infineon\TPM Software 2.0\BackupData
 - C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Infineon\TPM Software 2.0\PlatformKeyData
 - C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\Infineon\TPM Software 2.0\RestoreData
 - C:\Documents and Settings\<account>\Application Data\Infineon\TPM Software 2.0\UserKeyData(All folders are invisible by default.)

In addition, encrypting the following folder will disable you to log onto your system.

C:\Documents and Settings\<account>\Local Settings (invisible by default)

- ❑ Do not encrypt the following archive, backup, or token files. There will be no way to restore them if you carelessly encrypt them.
Sony assumes no liabilities for any troubles and damages arising out of your careless encryption of the following files and folders including them.
- ❑ Automatic backup file
Default file name: SPSystemBackup.xml
Default path: None (Clicking **Browse** displays the **My Documents\Security Platform** window.)
- ❑ Storage folder for automatic backup data
Default folder name: SPSystemBackup
The folder is created as the subfolder for the SPSystemBackup.xml file.
- ❑ Token file for restoring the TPM configuration
Default file name: SPEmRecToken.xml
Default path: Removable media (FD, USB memory, etc.)
- ❑ Key and certificate backup file
Default file name: SpBackupArchive.xml
Default path: None (Clicking **Browse** displays the **My Documents\Security Platform** window.)
- ❑ PSD backup file
Default file name: SpPSDBackup.fsb
Default path: None (Clicking **Browse** displays the **My Documents\Security Platform** window.)

- ❑ Do not encrypt the following password reset token or secret files. There will be no way to reset the password if you carelessly encrypt them.
Sony assumes no liabilities for any troubles and damages arising out of your careless encryption of the following files and folders including them.
- ❑ Password reset token file
Default file name: SPPwdResetToken.xml
Default path: Removable media (FD, USB memory, etc.)
- ❑ Password reset secret file
Default file name: SPPwdResetSecret.xml
Default path: Removable media (FD, USB memory, etc.)

Configuring the TPM

To use the embedded TPM, you need to:

- 1 Enable the TPM in the BIOS setup screen.
- 2 Install the Infineon TPM Professional Package.
- 3 Initialize and configure the TPM.

To enable the TPM in the BIOS setup screen

- 1 Turn on your computer.
- 2 Press the **F2** key when the VAIO logo appears.
The BIOS setup screen appears. If not, restart the computer and press the **F2** key several times when the VAIO logo appears.
- 3 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **TPM State** and then select **Enable** for **Change TPM State**.
- 4 Press the **←** or **→** key to select **Exit**, select **Exit Setup**, and then press the **Enter** key.
- 5 After your system restarts, click **Execute** in the **Physical Presence Operations** window.

! Before enabling the TPM, be sure to set the power-on password to protect against unauthorized modification of the TPM configuration.

If the TPM is enabled, it will take longer before the VAIO logo appears due to security checks at computer startup.



You can also disable the TPM and clear the TPM configuration in the BIOS setup screen. Note that you will not be able to access any TPM-protected data if you clear the TPM ownership. Before clearing the TPM configuration, be sure to make backup copies of the TPM-protected data.

To install the Infineon TPM Professional Package

Read the Readme.txt in the **C:\Infineon\Readme** folder. Then, double-click **C:\Infineon\setup.exe** to install the package.

To install this package, you must have administrator rights on the computer.

! You need to set a few passwords while installing Infineon TPM Professional Package. Without these passwords, you will not be able to restore any TPM-protected data or backup files. Be sure to write down the passwords and keep them safe and private from other people.

To initialize and configure the TPM

See the on-screen documentation for detailed information. To open the documentation, click **Start**, point to **All Programs** and **Infineon Security Platform Solution**, and click **Help on Security Platform**.

! The maintenance and management of TPM-protected data must be carried out at your own risk. Sony assumes no liabilities for any defects arising out of your data maintenance and management.

Setting Up Your Computer with VAIO Control Center

The **VAIO Control Center** utility allows you to access system information and to specify preferences for system behavior.

To use VAIO Control Center

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Select the desired control item and change the settings.
- 3 Once finished, click **OK**.
The setting of the desired item has been changed.



For more information about each option, see the help file on **VAIO Control Center**.

Some of the control items will not be visible if you open **VAIO Control Center** as a standard user.

Using VAIO Status Monitor

The **VAIO Status Monitor** utility allows you to check various settings, such as the power management settings, security settings, and current usage of devices, in the **VAIO Status Monitor** window.

To display the VAIO Status Monitor window

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Status Monitor**.
The **VAIO Status Monitor** window appears.



You can change the settings for certain items in the **VAIO Status Monitor** window. To change the settings, select the desired item and click **Settings**.

Using the Power Saving Modes

When you use a battery pack as the power source for your computer, you can take advantage of the power management settings to conserve battery life. In addition to the normal operating mode, which allows you to turn off specific devices, your computer has two distinct power saving modes: Standby and Hibernate. When using battery power, you should be aware that the computer will automatically enter Hibernate mode if the remaining battery charge becomes short, regardless of the power management setting you select.

! If the battery level falls below 10%, you should either connect the AC adapter to recharge the battery pack or shut down your computer and install a fully charged battery pack.

Using Normal Mode

This is the normal state of the computer when it is in use. The green power indicator light is on in this mode. To save power while not working, you can turn off a specific device such as the LCD screen or the hard disk drive.



You can change the memory configuration during Normal mode. See **Changing the Performance Setting (page 119)**.

Using Standby Mode

Standby mode turns off the LCD screen and places the storage device(s) and the CPU into a low power consumption mode. The amber power light flashes during this mode.



If you do not intend to use your computer for a long period of time while it is disconnected from AC power, place the computer into Hibernate mode or turn it off.

To activate Standby mode

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Turn Off Computer**.
- 2 Click **Stand By**.



When your computer is in Standby mode, you cannot insert a disc.

Your computer comes out of Standby mode quicker than out of Hibernate mode.

Standby mode uses more power than Hibernate mode.



If the battery runs down while your computer is in Standby mode, you will lose all unsaved data. Going back to the previous work state is impossible. To avoid loss of data, you should save your data frequently.

To return to Normal mode

Press any key.



If you press and hold the power button for more than four seconds, your computer will turn off automatically. You will lose all unsaved data.



You can use **VAIO Control Center** to configure your computer to return to Normal mode when you open the LCD screen lid. This power resuming preference will be lost if you remove both the AC adapter and the battery pack. See **Setting Up Your Computer with VAIO Control Center** ([page 110](#)).

If the computer is not used for a certain period of time, it will enter Standby mode. To modify this, you can change the Standby mode settings.

To change the Standby mode settings

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
- 3 Click **Power Options**.
The **Power Options Properties** window appears.
- 4 Select the **Power Schemes** tab.
- 5 Change the **System Standby** settings.

Using Hibernate Mode

In Hibernate mode, the state of the system is saved on the hard disk drive and power is turned off. Even when the battery runs down, no data will be lost. The power indicator light is off in this mode.



If you do not intend to use your computer for a long period of time, place the computer into Hibernate mode. This power saving mode saves you the time of shutting down and resuming.

To activate Hibernate mode

Press the **Fn+F12** keys.

The computer enters Hibernate mode.

Alternatively, you can follow these steps to place the computer into Hibernate mode.

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Turn Off Computer**.
- 2 Click **Hibernate**.



When your computer is in Hibernate mode, you cannot insert a disc.

Hibernate mode requires more time than Standby mode to be activated.

Hibernate mode uses less power than Standby mode.



Do not move your computer before its power indicator light turns off.

To return to Normal mode

Press the power button.

The computer returns to its normal state.



If you press and hold the power button for more than four seconds, your computer will turn off automatically.



It takes more time to return to Normal mode from Hibernate mode than from Standby mode.

You can use **VAIO Control Center** to configure your computer to return to Normal mode when you open the LCD screen lid. This power resuming preference will be lost if you remove both the AC adapter and the battery pack. See **Setting Up Your Computer with VAIO Control Center** ([page 110](#)).

Managing Power with VAIO Power Management

Power management helps you set up power schemes for running on AC or battery power to suit your requirements for power consumption.

VAIO Power Management is a software application developed exclusively for VAIO computers. With this software application, you can enhance the Windows power management functions to ensure better operation of your computer and longer battery life. For more information on **VAIO Power Management**, see the help file on the **VAIO Power Management** software.

Activating VAIO Power Management

VAIO Power Management functionalities are added to the Windows **Power Options Properties**.

To activate VAIO Power Management

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
- 3 Click **Power Options**.
The **Power Options Properties** window appears.
- 4 Select the **VAIO Power Management** tab.

To restore the default settings

- 1 On the **VAIO Power Management** tab, click **Advanced**.
The **VAIO Power Management** window appears.
- 2 Follow the on-screen instructions to change the settings.

Activating VAIO Power Management Power Schemes

VAIO Power Management provides several predefined power schemes. Each power scheme consists of a group of power management settings that are designed to meet specific power management needs, ranging from maximum power management to no power management.

To activate a VAIO Power Management power scheme

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
- 3 Click **Power Options**.
The **Power Options Properties** window appears.
- 4 Select the tab for power scheme settings.
- 5 Select a power scheme from the drop-down list.
- 6 If you now select the **VAIO Power Management** tab, you see that the selected power scheme appears on the tab.
- 7 If necessary, you can change the items in the list, for example, the LCD brightness of your computer screen.
- 8 Click **OK**.
The power scheme has been activated.



You must have administrator rights on your computer to set up a power scheme.

Changing the Performance Setting

You can change the memory configuration that affects power consumption during Normal mode.

To change the performance setting

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Double-click **Power Management and Performance**.
The **Performance** window appears.
- 3 Select **Memory bus: 400 MHz Priority is given to saving power**.
By default, **Memory bus: 533 MHz Priority is given to performance** is selected.
- 4 Click **OK**.
- 5 At the confirmation prompt, click **Yes**.



To activate the change, you must restart your computer.

Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use

Your computer has the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** installed for protecting your data from unauthorized use. With this software, you can put restrictions on the use of external devices and storage media and USB ports to read-only access.

To select the options, you need to log onto your computer as a user with administrator rights.

To use the Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Double-click **Security** and **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility**.
The password authentication window appears.



The first time you use the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility**, you need to set the password for authentication.

- 3 Enter the password and click **OK**.
- 4 Select the options as desired.



Restricting USB ports to read-only access does not apply to all external devices connected to the USB ports on your computer. Certain devices, such as external optical disc drives, cannot be applicable.



The options you selected with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** do not restrict all features on the device. For example, reading data from the device using the USB port is available.


- 5 Click **OK**.
- 6 A message prompting you to restart your computer appears, and then click **Yes**.
The changes are activated after the computer restarts.

! The options you selected may be different from ones on the device depending on the operating conditions. If a message appears stating a mismatch for the options between your computer and the device when you restart the computer, select the options again.

Configuring Your Modem

Before you can start using your internal modem (not all modems are built-in), or each time you use your modem while traveling, make sure that the country of the active location defined in the **Phone and Modem Options** window matches the country you are dialing from.

To change your modem country settings

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Printers and Other Hardware**.
- 3 Double-click **Phone and Modem Options**.
The **Phone and Modem Options** window appears.
If you do not see the **Phone and Modem Options** window, click **Switch to Classic View** on the left side.
- 4 Select your location on the **Dialing Rules** tab.
- 5 Click the **Edit** button to change the current configuration.
The **Edit Location** window appears.
Or
Click the **New** button to configure your modem.
The **New Location** window appears.
- 6 Check the country/region settings, and make sure it matches the place you are dialing from.

Pulse dial may not be supported in some counties and/or regions.
- 7 If you modified your location settings, click **Apply**, and then **OK**.
The **Phone and Modem Options** window appears.
- 8 Check that your modem is listed on the **Modems** tab.
If your modem is not listed, click **Add** and follow the wizard.

- 9 Click **Apply/OK**. Your modem is configured.



Before applying new country settings, please make sure your phone cable is disconnected from your computer.

Protecting the Hard Disk

Your computer has the **VAIO HDD Protection** utility preinstalled for customizing your settings for protecting your hard disk drive against shock hazards. You can select the sensitivity level of the built-in shock sensor to set the appropriate protection level.

Activating VAIO HDD Protection

To protect your hard disk drive against shock hazards, you must first activate **VAIO HDD Protection**.

To activate VAIO HDD Protection

- 1 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 2 Double-click **Security** and **Hard Disk Drive Protection Settings**.
The **VAIO HDD Protection** window appears.
- 3 Select the **Activate hard disk drive protection** check box.
- 4 Select one of the desired sensitivity level.
- 5 Click **OK**.
For more information, open the help file from the **VAIO HDD Protection** window.

! **VAIO HDD Protection** is designed to minimize possibilities of damage to hard disk drives and user data. It does not ensure 100% data protection under any circumstances.

Hard disk drive protection is disabled before Windows launches and during a shift to Hibernate or Standby mode, system recovery, and system shutdown.

Upgrading Your VAIO Computer

Your VAIO computer and memory modules use high precision components and electronic connectors technology. To avoid invalidation of the warranty during your product warranty period, we recommend that:

- You should contact your dealer to install a new memory module.
- You should not install it yourself, if you are not familiar with upgrading memory on a computer.
- You should not touch the connectors or open the memory module compartment cover.

For the type of module and the amount of memory installed on your model, see the online **Specifications**.

Contact VAIO-Link if you need assistance.

Adding and Removing Memory

If you want to expand the functionality of your computer, you can increase the memory by installing optional memory modules. Before you upgrade your computer's memory, read the notes and procedures in the following pages.

Notes on adding/removing memory modules

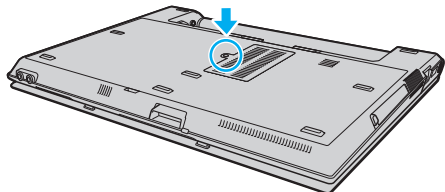
- ❑ Be careful when changing memory. Improper installation of memory modules may cause damage to your system. This damage may void your manufacturer's warranty.
- ❑ Only use memory modules that are compatible with your computer. If a memory module is not detected by the computer or the Windows operating system becomes unstable, contact the sales dealer or the manufacturer of your memory module.
- ❑ Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. Before touching a memory module, ensure the following:
 - ❑ The procedures described in this document assume user familiarity with the general terminology associated with personal computers and with the safety practice and regulatory compliance requirements for using and modifying electronic equipment.
 - ❑ Turn off your computer and disconnect it from its power source (that is, battery pack or AC adapter) and from any telecommunication links, networks, or modems before you remove any cover or panel from the computer. Failure to do so may result in personal injury or equipment damage.
 - ❑ ESD can damage memory modules and other components. Install the memory module only at an ESD workstation. If such a station is not available, do not work in a carpeted area, and do not handle materials that produce or hold static electricity (cellophane wrappers, for example). Ground yourself by maintaining contact with an unpainted metal portion of the chassis while performing the procedure.
 - ❑ Do not open the memory module package before you are ready to change the module. The package protects the module from ESD.

- ❑ Use the special bag delivered with the memory module or wrap the module in aluminum foil to protect it from ESD.
- ❑ Introducing any liquids, foreign substances, or objects into the memory module slots or other internal components of your computer will result in damage to the computer and any repair costs will not be covered by the warranty.
- ❑ Do not place the memory module in a location subject to:
 - ❑ Heat sources such as radiators or air ducts
 - ❑ Direct sunlight
 - ❑ Excessive dust
 - ❑ Mechanical vibration or shock
 - ❑ Strong magnets or speakers that are not magnetically shielded
 - ❑ Ambient temperature of more than 35°C or less than 5°C
 - ❑ High humidity
- ❑ Handle the memory module with care. To avoid injuries to your hands and fingers, do not touch the edges of the components and circuit boards inside your computer.

Removing and Installing a Memory Module

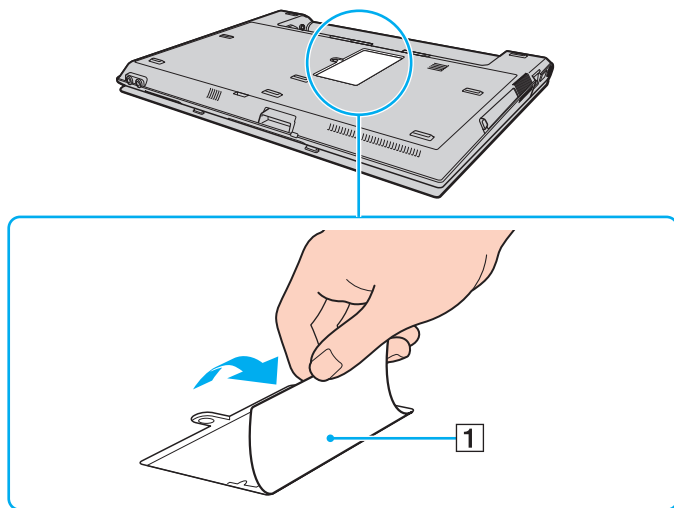
To change or add a memory module

- 1 Shut down the computer and disconnect all peripheral devices.
- 2 Unplug the computer and remove the battery pack.
- 3 Wait until the computer cools down.
- 4 Unscrew the screw (indicated by the arrow below) on the bottom of the computer and remove the memory module compartment cover.



- 5 Touch a metal object to discharge static electricity.

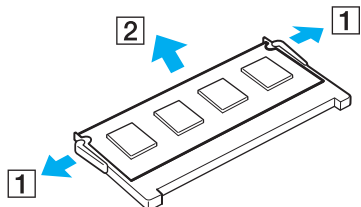
- 6 Grasp the insulation sheet (1) tab and flip open the sheet.



! The insulation sheet is equipped for module protection. Do not pull it so hard as to damage the sheet.

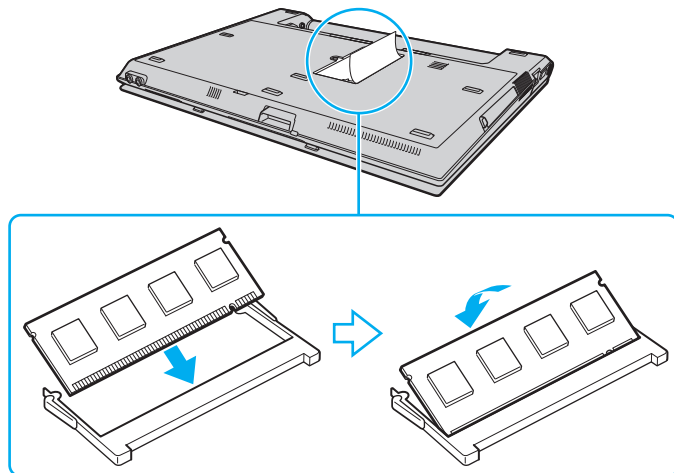
7 Remove the currently installed memory module as follows:

- ❑ Pull the latches in the direction of the arrows (1).
The memory module is released.
- ❑ Make sure that the memory module tilts up and then pull it out in the direction of the arrow (2).



8 Remove the new memory module from its packaging.

- 9 Slide the memory module into the memory module slot and push it in until it clicks into place.



!
Do not touch any other components on the motherboard.

Be sure to insert the connector edge of the memory module into the slot while aligning the notch on the module with the small projection in the open slot.

- 10 Replace the memory module compartment cover.
11 Tighten the screw on the bottom of the computer.
12 Reinstall the battery pack and turn on the computer.

Viewing the Amount of Memory

To view the amount of memory

- 1 Turn on the computer.
- 2 Click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, and click **VAIO Control Center**.
The **VAIO Control Center** window appears.
- 3 Double-click the **System Information** icon under the **System Information** folder.
You can view the amount of system memory. If the additional memory does not appear, repeat the whole installation procedure and restart the computer.

Precautions

This section describes safety guidelines and precautions to help you protect your VAIO computer from potential damage.

- ❑ **On Handling the LCD Screen** ([page 134](#))
- ❑ **On Using the Power Source** ([page 135](#))
- ❑ **On Handling Your Computer** ([page 136](#))
- ❑ **On the Liquid-resistant Structure** ([page 138](#))
- ❑ **On Handling Floppy Disks** ([page 141](#))
- ❑ **On Handling Discs** ([page 142](#))
- ❑ **On Using the Battery Pack** ([page 143](#))
- ❑ **On Using Headphones** ([page 144](#))
- ❑ **On Handling Memory Stick Media** ([page 145](#))
- ❑ **On Handling the Hard Disk** ([page 146](#))

On Handling the LCD Screen

- ❑ Do not leave the LCD screen facing the sun. This could damage the LCD screen. Be careful when using your computer near a window.
- ❑ Do not scratch the surface of the LCD screen or exert pressure on it. This could cause a malfunction.
- ❑ Using your computer in low temperature conditions may produce a residual image on the LCD screen. This is not a malfunction. When the computer returns to normal temperature, the screen returns to normal.
- ❑ A residual image may appear on the LCD screen if the same image is displayed for a long period of time. The residual image disappears in a while. You can use a screen saver to prevent residual images.
- ❑ The LCD screen becomes warm during operation. This is normal and does not indicate a malfunction.
- ❑ The LCD screen is manufactured using high-precision technology. You may, however, see tiny black points and/or bright points (red, blue, or green) that continuously appear on the LCD screen. This is a normal result of the manufacturing process and does not indicate a malfunction.
- ❑ Avoid rubbing the LCD screen. This could damage the screen. Use a soft, dry cloth to wipe the surface of the LCD screen.

On Using the Power Source

- ❑ See the online **Specifications** to check the power operation of your model.
- ❑ Do not share the AC outlet with other power-consuming equipment, such as a photocopier or a shredder.
- ❑ You can purchase a power strip with a surge protector. This device helps prevent damage to your computer caused by sudden power surges, in an electrical storm, for example.
- ❑ Do not place heavy objects on the power cord.
- ❑ To disconnect the cord, pull it out by holding the plug. Never pull the cord itself.
- ❑ Unplug your computer from the AC outlet if you are not planning to use the computer for a long period of time.
- ❑ Make sure that the AC outlet is easily accessible.
- ❑ When the AC adapter is not used, unplug it from the AC outlet.
- ❑ Use the AC adapter supplied with your computer or genuine Sony products. Do not use any other AC adapter as it may cause a malfunction.

On Handling Your Computer

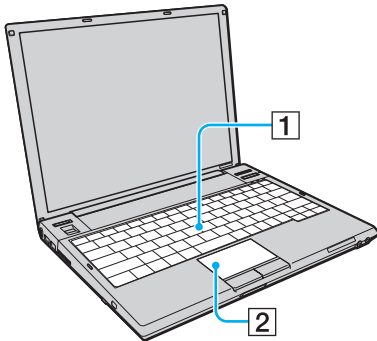
- ❑ Clean the cabinet with a soft cloth, which is dry or lightly moistened with a mild detergent solution. Do not use any type of abrasive pad, scouring powder, or solvent such as alcohol or benzene, as these may damage the finish of your computer.
- ❑ If you drop a solid object or any liquid onto your computer, shut down the computer and then unplug it. You may want to have the computer checked by qualified personnel before operating it again.
- ❑ Do not drop your computer or place any objects on top of the computer.
- ❑ Do not place your computer in a location subject to:
 - ❑ Heat sources, such as radiators or air ducts
 - ❑ Direct sunlight
 - ❑ Excessive dust
 - ❑ Moisture or rain
 - ❑ Mechanical vibration or shock
 - ❑ Strong magnets or speakers that are not magnetically shielded
 - ❑ Ambient temperature of more than 35°C or less than 5°C
 - ❑ High humidity
- ❑ Do not place electronic equipment near your computer. The electromagnetic field of the computer may cause a malfunction.
- ❑ Provide adequate air circulation to prevent internal overheating. Do not place your computer on porous surfaces such as rugs or blankets, or near material such as curtains or draperies that may block its air vents.
- ❑ Your computer uses high-frequency radio signals and may cause interference to radio or TV reception. If this occurs, relocate the computer a suitable distance away from the set.

- ❑ Use only specified peripheral equipment and interface cables; otherwise, problems may occur.
- ❑ Do not use cut or damaged connection cables.
- ❑ If your computer is brought directly from a cold location to a warm one, moisture may condense inside the computer. In this case, allow at least one hour before turning on the computer. If any problems occur, unplug the computer and contact VAIO-Link.
- ❑ Make sure you disconnect the power cord before cleaning your computer.
- ❑ To avoid losing data if your computer is damaged, back up your data regularly.

On the Liquid-resistant Structure

Your computer employs the liquid-resistant structure on the keyboard (1) and touch pad (2) that prevents spilled liquid from seeping into internal components of your computer. This structure allows you to drain off liquid, spilled on the keyboard, through the drain hole on the bottom of the computer so as not to leave the liquid inside the computer.

This structure does not ensure complete protection of the computer against defects, such as damage to the internal components and hard disk drive, data corruption, or a data loss, arising out of spilling liquid on your computer. Note that any components other than the keyboard and touch pad are not liquid-resistant.



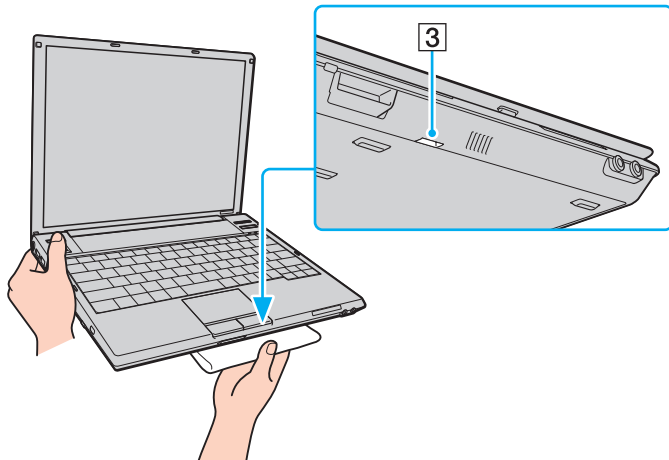
- ❑ If you spill liquid, such as water, on the keyboard, follow these steps:

! Be sure to take the appropriate measures if you spill liquid, even a small amount, on the keyboard, as it may cause the computer to malfunction.

- 1** Immediately turn off the computer and disconnect the AC adapter.
- 2** Wipe off any liquid on the keyboard with a soft, dry cloth.
- 3** Grasp the bottom of the computer close to the LCD screen with both hands and gently lift the computer, tilting it to your side.

! Do not tilt the computer against your side as it may cause the liquid to seep into the internal components of the computer resulting in computer malfunctions.

- 4 Wipe off the liquid, drained off through the bottom drain hole (3), with a soft, dry cloth.



! Be sure not to leave any liquid on the bottom of the computer.

- 5 Move the computer to a dry place.

! Do not leave the computer on the wet surface as it may cause the liquid to seep into the internal components.

- 6 Remove the battery pack, and then contact VAIO-Link to have the computer serviced for any damage.

! Whenever spilling liquid on the computer, be sure to ask VAIO-Link for checkups.

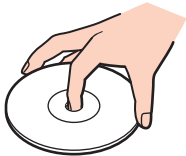
Any repairs caused by spilled liquid will be charged even within the warranty period.

On Handling Floppy Disks

- ❑ Do not open the shutter manually or touch the surface of the floppy disk.
- ❑ Keep floppy disks away from magnets.
- ❑ Keep floppy disks away from direct sunlight and other sources of heat.
- ❑ Keep floppy disks away from any liquid. Do not let them get wet. When you are not using your floppy disk, always remove it from the floppy disk drive and use a storage case.
- ❑ If the floppy disk comes with an adhesive label, make sure that the label is properly affixed. If the edge of the label is curled up, the label may stick to the inside of the floppy disk drive and cause a malfunction or damage your floppy disk.

On Handling Discs

- ❑ Do not touch the surface of the disc.
- ❑ Do not drop or bend the disc.
- ❑ Fingerprints and dust on the surface of a disc may cause read errors. Always hold the disc by its edges and central hole, as shown below:



- ❑ Proper care of the disc is essential to its continuous reliability. Do not use solvents (such as benzene, thinner, alcohol, commercially available cleaners, or anti-static spray) which may cause damage to the disc.
- ❑ For normal cleaning, hold the disc by its edge and use a soft cloth to wipe the surface from the center out.
- ❑ If the disc is badly soiled, moisten a soft cloth with water, wring it out well, and use it to wipe the surface of the disc from the center out. Wipe off any remaining moisture with a dry soft cloth.
- ❑ Never affix an adhesive label to a disc. This will affect the use of the disc irreparably.

On Using the Battery Pack

- ❑ Do not leave battery packs in temperatures above 60°C, such as in a car parked in the sun or under direct sunlight.
- ❑ Battery life is shorter in a cold environment. This is due to decreased battery efficiency at low temperatures.
- ❑ Charge battery packs at temperatures between 10°C to 30°C. Lower temperatures require longer charging time.
- ❑ Certain rechargeable batteries do not meet Sony quality and safety standards. For safety reasons this computer only functions with genuine Sony batteries designed for this model. When installing another kind of battery, the battery will not be charged and the computer will not function.
- ❑ While the battery pack is in use or being charged, heat builds up in the battery pack. This is normal and is not cause for concern.
- ❑ Keep the battery pack away from all sources of heat.
- ❑ Keep the battery pack dry.
- ❑ Do not open or try to disassemble the battery pack.
- ❑ Do not expose the battery pack to any mechanical shock.
- ❑ If you are not using your computer for a long period of time, remove the battery pack from the computer to prevent damage to the battery pack.
- ❑ If, after fully charging the battery pack, the battery power is still low, the battery pack may be reaching the end of its life and should be replaced.
- ❑ You do not need to discharge the battery pack before recharging.
- ❑ If you have not used the battery pack for a considerable amount of time, recharge the battery pack.

On Using Headphones

- ❑ **Road safety** – Do not use headphones while driving, cycling, or operating any motorized vehicle. It may create a traffic hazard and is illegal in some areas. It can also be potentially dangerous to play loud music while walking, especially at pedestrian crossings.
- ❑ **Preventing hearing damage** – Avoid using headphones at high volume. Hearing experts advise against continuous, loud and extended play. If you experience a ringing in your ears, reduce the volume or discontinue use.

On Handling Memory Stick Media

- ❑ Do not touch the Memory Stick media connector with your finger or metallic objects.
- ❑ Use only the adhesive label supplied with the Memory Stick media as a label.
- ❑ Do not bend, drop, or apply strong shock to the Memory Stick media.
- ❑ Do not disassemble or modify Memory Stick media.
- ❑ Do not let Memory Stick media get wet.
- ❑ Do not use or store Memory Stick media in a location subject to:
 - ❑ Static electricity
 - ❑ Electrical noise
 - ❑ Extremely high temperatures, such as in a car parked in the sun
 - ❑ Direct sunlight
 - ❑ High humidity
 - ❑ Corrosive substances
- ❑ Use the storage case supplied with the Memory Stick media.
- ❑ Be sure to make a backup copy of your valuable data.
- ❑ Keep the Memory Stick media and Memory Stick Adaptors out of reach of children. There is a risk of swallowing them.
- ❑ When using the Memory Stick Duo media, do not use a fine-tipped pen to write on the label adhered to the Memory Stick Duo media. Exerting pressure on the media may damage internal components.

On Handling the Hard Disk

The hard disk drive has a high storage density and reads or writes data in a short time. However, it can be easily damaged by mechanical vibration, shock, or dust.

Although the hard disk drive has the internal safety device to prevent losing data due to mechanical vibration, shock or dust, you should be careful when handling your computer.

To avoid damaging your hard disk drive

- Do not subject your computer to sudden movements.
- Keep your computer away from magnets.
- Do not place your computer in a location subject to mechanical vibration or in an unstable position.
- Do not move your computer while the power is on.
- Do not turn off the power or restart your computer while reading or writing data to the hard disk drive.
- Do not use your computer in a place subject to extreme changes in temperature.



If the hard disk drive is damaged, the data cannot be restored.

Troubleshooting

This section describes how to solve common problems you might encounter when using your VAIO computer. Many problems have simple solutions. Try these suggestions before contacting VAIO-Link.

- ❑ **Computer** ([page 148](#))
- ❑ **System Security** ([page 154](#))
- ❑ **Battery** ([page 156](#))
- ❑ **Internet** ([page 158](#))
- ❑ **Networking** ([page 160](#))
- ❑ **Bluetooth Technology** ([page 163](#))
- ❑ **Optical Discs** ([page 168](#))
- ❑ **Display** ([page 172](#))
- ❑ **Printing** ([page 174](#))
- ❑ **Microphone** ([page 175](#))
- ❑ **Mouse** ([page 176](#))
- ❑ **Speakers** ([page 177](#))
- ❑ **Touch Pad** ([page 178](#))
- ❑ **Keyboard** ([page 179](#))
- ❑ **Floppy Disks** ([page 180](#))
- ❑ **PC Cards** ([page 181](#))
- ❑ **Memory Stick Media** ([page 182](#))
- ❑ **Peripherals** ([page 183](#))

Computer

What should I do if my computer does not start?

- ❑ Make sure your computer is securely plugged into a power source and turned on. Make sure the power indicator shows the power is on.
- ❑ Make sure the battery pack is installed properly and charged.
- ❑ Make sure the floppy disk drive (if applicable) is empty.
- ❑ If your computer is plugged into a power strip or an uninterruptible power supply (UPS), make sure the power strip or UPS is plugged into a power source and turned on.
- ❑ If you are using an external display, make sure it is plugged into a power source and turned on. Make sure the brightness and contrast controls are adjusted correctly. See the manual that came with your display for more information.
- ❑ Disconnect the AC adapter and remove the battery pack. Wait three to five minutes. Reinstall the battery pack, reconnect the AC adapter, and then press the power button to turn on your computer.
- ❑ Condensation may cause your computer to malfunction. If this occurs, do not use the computer for at least one hour.
- ❑ Remove any extra memory modules you may have installed since purchase.
- ❑ Check that you are using the supplied Sony AC adapter. For your safety, use only the genuine Sony rechargeable battery pack and AC adapter, which are supplied by Sony for your VAIO computer.

What should I do if a BIOS error appears when I turn on my computer?

If the message "Press <F1> to resume, <F2> to setup" appears at the bottom of the screen, follow these steps:

- 1 Press the **F2** key.
The BIOS setup screen appears. If not, restart the computer and press the **F2** key several times when the VAIO logo appears.
- 2 Set the date (month/day/year). Press the **Enter** key.
- 3 Press the **↓** key to select **System Time**, and then set the time (hour: minute: second). Press the **Enter** key.
- 4 Press the **→** key to select the **Exit** tab, and then press the **F9** key.
At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.
- 5 Select **Exit Setup**, and press the **Enter** key.
At the confirmation prompt, press the **Enter** key.
Your computer restarts.

If this occurs frequently, contact VAIO-Link.

What should I do if the power indicator (Green) lights but my screen remains blank?

Follow these steps:

- 1 Press and hold the power button for more than four seconds to check that the power indicator goes out. Then turn on your computer again.
- 2 If your computer screen still remains blank, unplug the AC adapter, remove the battery pack, and leave the computer for about a minute. Then reinstall the battery pack, plug in the AC adapter, and turn on the computer again.

What should I do if my computer or software stops responding?

- ❑ If your computer stops responding while a software application is running, press the **Alt+F4** keys to close the application window.
- ❑ If the **Alt+F4** keys do not work, click **Start, Turn Off Computer**, and then **Turn Off**.
- ❑ If your computer does not turn off, press the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys and select **Turn Off** from the **Shut Down** menu.

! Turning off your computer with the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys or the power button may cause loss of unsaved data.

- ❑ If your computer still does not turn off, press and hold the power button until the computer turns off.
- ❑ Remove the AC adapter and battery pack.
- ❑ Try reinstalling the software.
- ❑ Contact the software publisher or designated provider for technical support.

Why doesn't my computer enter Standby or Hibernate mode?

Your computer may become unstable if the operating mode is changed before the computer completely enters Standby or Hibernate mode.

To restore your computer to normal operating stability

- 1 Close all open programs.
- 2 Click **Start, Turn Off Computer**, and then **Restart**.
- 3 If your computer does not restart, press the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys and select **Restart** from the **Shut Down** menu.
- 4 If this procedure does not work, press and hold the power button until the computer turns off.

! Turning off your computer with the power button may cause loss of unsaved data.

What should I do if the battery indicator is flashing and my computer does not start?

- ❑ This issue could be due to the battery pack not being installed properly. To resolve this issue, turn off your computer and remove the battery pack. Then install the battery pack to the computer again. For details, see **Installing the Battery Pack (page 23)**.
- ❑ If the issue persists after performing the above, it means the installed battery pack is not compatible. Remove the battery pack and contact VAIO-Link.

What should I do if a message window, notifying of incompatibility or improper installation of the battery pack, appears and my computer enters Hibernate mode?

- ❑ This issue could be due to the battery pack not being installed properly. To resolve this issue, turn off your computer and remove the battery pack. Then install the battery pack to the computer again. For details, see **Installing the Battery Pack (page 23)**.
- ❑ If the issue persists after performing the above, it means the installed battery pack is not compatible. Remove the battery pack and contact VAIO-Link.

Why does the System Properties window display a slower CPU speed than the maximum?

This is normal. Because your computer's CPU utilizes a type of CPU speed controlling technology for power conservation purposes, System Properties may display the CPU's current speed instead of the maximum speed.

What should I do if Windows does not start, showing a message, when I start my computer?

If you enter a wrong power-on password three times consecutively, the **Enter Onetime Password** message appears. If you enter a wrong power-on password three times consecutively again, the **System Disabled** message appears and Windows will not start. Press and hold the power button for more than four seconds to check that the power indicator goes off. Wait for 10 or 15 seconds, then restart your computer and enter the correct password. When entering the password, check that the Num lock indicator and Caps lock indicator are off. If any are lit, press the **Num Lk** key or the **Caps Lock** key to turn off the indicator before entering the password.

What should I do if my game software does not work or it keeps crashing?

- Check the Web site of the game if there are any patches or updates to download.
- Make sure you have installed the latest video driver.
- On some VAIO models, the graphics memory is shared with the system. The optimal graphic performance in this case is not guaranteed.

What should I do if I cannot remember the BIOS password?

If you have forgotten the BIOS password, contact VAIO-Link to reset it. A reset fee will be charged.

Why does it take time before my computer starts?

- If Norton Internet Security's Personal Firewall is active, it may take some time before the desktop screen appears due to network security checkups.
- If the TPM is enabled, it will take longer before the VAIO logo appears due to security checks at computer startup.

Why doesn't my screen turn off when the time selected for the automatic turn-off action has passed?

The **VAIO Original Screen Saver** disables the timer setting, which you can select using the Windows power options, for your screen to turn off.

Select the screen saver other than the **VAIO Original Screen Saver**.

What should I do if I cannot boot my computer from the USB floppy disk drive connected to the computer?

To boot your computer from the USB floppy disk drive, you need to change the boot device.

Turn on your computer and press the **F11** key when the VAIO logo appears.

How do I check the volume of the recovery partition?

Your hard disk drive contains the recovery partition where data for the system recovery is stored. To check the volume of the recovery partition, follow these steps:

- 1 Click **Start**, right-click **My Computer**, and select **Manage**.
The **Computer Management** window appears.
- 2 Click **Disk Management** under **Storage** on the left pane.
The volume of the recovery partition and the total volume of the C drive are displayed in the **Disk 0** row on the center pane.

System Security

How can I protect my computer against security threats, such as viruses?

The Microsoft Windows operating system is preinstalled on your computer. The best way to protect your computer against security threats, such as viruses, is to download and install the latest Windows updates regularly.

You can get important Windows updates by doing one of the following:

- ❑ The **Automatic Updates** feature — This feature automatically searches for and delivers updates directly to your computer whenever it is connected to the Internet.
- ❑ The Windows Updates Web site — This site enables you to download computer updates without turning on the **Automatic Updates** feature.



Your computer must be connected to the Internet before you can receive updates.

To use the Automatic Updates feature

- 1 Connect to the Internet.
- 2 Click the **Automatic Updates** icon on the taskbar.
- 3 Follow the on-screen instructions to set up automatic or scheduled updates.

To visit the Windows Updates Web site

- 1 Connect to the Internet.
- 2 Type **<http://windowsupdate.microsoft.com/>** in the address bar of your browser. The **Microsoft Windows Update** and **Security Warning** windows appear.
- 3 In the **Security Warning** window, start installation and run **Windows Update**.
- 4 In the **Microsoft Windows Update** window, select an installation type, and follow the on-screen instructions.

How do I keep my antivirus software updated?

You can keep the **Norton Internet Security** software program current with the latest updates from Symantec Corporation.

To download and install the latest security update

- 1 Double-click the **Norton Internet Security** icon on the taskbar. If you have not previously registered the antivirus software, a series of information wizards appears.
 - 1 Follow the on-screen instructions to complete each wizard.
 - 2 Double-click the **Norton Internet Security** icon again.
The **Norton Internet Security** window appears.
If you have previously registered this antivirus software, the **Norton Internet Security** window automatically appears.
- 2 Follow the on-screen instructions to select and download updates.

Battery

How do I find the battery charging status?

See **Charging the Battery Pack** ([page 26](#)).

When is my computer using AC power?

When your computer is directly connected to the AC adapter, it uses AC power, even if the battery pack is installed.

When should I recharge the battery pack?

- When the battery level falls below 10%.
- When both the battery and power indicators blink.
- When you have not used the battery pack for a long period of time.

When should I replace the battery pack?

If the battery power is still low after charging it, the battery pack may be reaching the end of its life and should be replaced.

Should I be concerned that the installed battery pack is warm?

No, it is normal for the battery pack to be warm when it is powering your computer.

Can my computer enter Hibernate mode while using battery power?

Your computer can enter Hibernate mode while using battery power, but some software programs and peripheral devices prevent the system from entering Hibernate mode. If you are using a program that prevents the system from entering Hibernate mode, save your data frequently to avoid losing data. See **Using Hibernate Mode (page 115)** for information on how you can manually activate Hibernate mode.

Why doesn't my computer enter Hibernate mode?

You may first need to enable Hibernate mode. Follow these steps:

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
- 3 Click **Power Options**.
The **Power Options Properties** window appears.
- 4 Select the **Hibernate** tab.
- 5 Click to check the box next to **Enable hibernation**.

Internet

What should I do if my modem does not work?

- Make sure the telephone cable is securely plugged into the modem port on your computer and the wall jack.
- Make sure the telephone cable is working. Plug the cable into an ordinary telephone and listen for a dial tone.
- Make sure that the telephone number the program is dialing is correct.
- Make sure the software you are using is compatible with your computer's modem. (All preinstalled Sony programs are compatible.)
- Make sure the modem is the only device connected to your telephone line.
- Follow these steps to check the settings:
 - 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
 - 2 Click **Printers and Other Hardware**.
 - 3 Click **Phone and Modem Options**.
 - 4 On the **Modems** tab, check that your modem is listed.
 - 5 On the **Dialing Rules** tab, check the location information is correct.

Why is my modem connection slow?

Your computer is equipped with a V.92/ V.90 compatible modem. Many factors may influence modem connection speed, including telephone line noise or compatibility with telephone equipment, such as fax machines or other modems. If you think your modem is not connecting properly to other PC-based modems, fax machines, or your Internet Service Provider (ISP), do any of the following:

- Ask your telephone company to verify your telephone line is free of any line noise.
- If your problem is fax-related, make sure there are no problems with the fax machine you are calling and that it is compatible with fax modems.
- If you are having a problem connecting with your ISP, make sure the ISP is not experiencing technical problems.
- If you have a second telephone line, try connecting the modem to that line.

Networking

What should I do if my computer cannot connect to a wireless LAN access point?

- Connection availability is affected by distance and obstructions. You may need to move your computer away from obstructions or closer to any access point you may be using.
- Make sure the **WIRELESS** or **WIRELESS LAN** switch is on and the Wireless LAN indicator is lit on your computer.
- Make sure power to the access point is on.
- Follow these steps to check the settings:
 - 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
 - 2 Click **Network and Internet Connections**.
 - 3 Click **Network Connections**.
 - 4 Right-click **Wireless Network Connection**.
 - 5 Click **Properties**.
 - 6 Click the **Wireless Networks** tab.
 - 7 Click **View Wireless Networks** to see that your access point is selected.
- Make sure the encryption key is correct.

What should I do if I cannot access the Internet?

- Check the access point settings. See the manual that came with your access point for more information.
- Make sure your computer and the access point are connected to one another.
- Move your computer away from obstructions or closer to any access point you may be using.
- Make sure your computer is properly configured for Internet access.

Why is the data transfer speed slow?

- ❑ The wireless LAN data transfer speed is affected by distance and obstructions between devices and access points. Other factors include device configurations, radio conditions, and software compatibility. To maximize the data transfer speed, move your computer away from obstructions or closer to any access point you may be using.
- ❑ If you are using a wireless LAN access point, the device may be temporarily overloaded depending on how many other devices are communicating via the access point.
- ❑ If your access point interferes with other access points, change the access point channel. See the manual that came with your access point for more information.

How do I avoid data transfer interruptions?

- ❑ When your computer is connected to an access point, data transfer interruptions may occur when using large files or if the computer is in close proximity to microwaves and cordless telephones.
- ❑ Move your computer closer to the access point.
- ❑ Make sure the access point connection is intact.
- ❑ Change the access point channel. See the manual that came with your access point for more information.

What are channels?

- ❑ Wireless LAN communication occurs on divided frequency bands known as channels. Third-party wireless LAN access point channels may be preset to different channels from Sony devices.
- ❑ If you are using a wireless LAN access point, see connectivity information contained in the manual that came with your access point.

Why does the network connection stop when I change the encryption key?

Two computers with the wireless LAN functionality may lose a peer-to-peer network connection if the encryption key is changed. You can either change the encryption key back to the original profile or re-enter the key on both computers so the key matches.

Bluetooth Technology


What should I do if other Bluetooth devices cannot discover my computer?

- Make sure both devices have the Bluetooth functionality enabled.
- If the Bluetooth indicator is off, turn on the **WIRELESS** switch.
- You cannot use the Bluetooth functionality when your computer is in a power saving mode. Return to Normal mode, then turn on the **WIRELESS** switch.
- Your computer and the device may be too far apart. Wireless Bluetooth technology works best when the devices are within 10 meters of each other.


Why can't my computer discover other Bluetooth devices?

If the connected device is also connected to other devices, it may not appear in the Bluetooth utility software or you may not be able to communicate with the device.

What should I do if I cannot find the Bluetooth device with which I want to communicate?

- Check that the Bluetooth functionality of the device with which you want to communicate is on. See the other device's manual for more information.
- If the device with which you want to communicate is already communicating with another Bluetooth device, it may not be found or it may not be able to communicate with your computer.
- To allow other Bluetooth devices to communicate with your computer, right-click the Bluetooth icon  on the taskbar and select **Options** from the menu to open the **Options** window. Then, check if proper security modes are selected on the **Security** tab. For details on the security modes, see the help file on the Bluetooth utility software. See **Communicating with Another Bluetooth Device (page 71)** for more information.

What should I do if other Bluetooth devices cannot connect to my computer?

- ❑ Make sure the other device is authenticated.
- ❑ Your computer may not allow connections from other devices. To enable Bluetooth device connections, follow these steps:
 - 1 Right-click the Bluetooth icon  on the taskbar.
 - 2 Select **Options** from the menu.
The **Options** window appears.
 - 3 Check if **Standard** or **Low** is selected for the Bluetooth security level on the **Security** tab.
If a custom Bluetooth security level is selected, click the **Default level** button.
 - 4 Click **OK**.
- ❑ The data transfer distance can be shorter than 10 meters depending on existing obstacles between the two devices, on radio wave quality, and on the operating system or the software in use. Move your computer and Bluetooth devices closer to each other.
- ❑ If the device with which you want to communicate is already communicating with another Bluetooth device, it may not be found or it may not be able to communicate with your computer.
- ❑ Check that the Bluetooth functionality of the device with which you want to communicate is on. See the other device's manual for more information.

Why is my Bluetooth connection slow?

- ❑ The data transfer speed depends on the obstacles and/or the distance between the two devices, on the radio wave quality, and on the operating system or the software in use. Move your computer and Bluetooth devices closer to each other.
- ❑ The 2.4 GHz radio frequency used by Bluetooth and wireless LAN devices is also used by other devices. Bluetooth devices incorporate technology that minimizes interference from other devices using the same wavelength, however, communication speed and connection range may be reduced. Interference from other devices may also stop communication altogether.
- ❑ Connection availability is affected by distance and obstructions. You may need to move your computer away from obstructions or closer to the device to which it is connected.
- ❑ Identify and remove obstacles between your computer and the device to which it is connected.
- ❑ Note that due to limitations of the Bluetooth standard, large files may occasionally be corrupted during continuous transfer due to electromagnetic interference in the environment.

Why does the message requesting authentication appear?

The target Bluetooth-enabled device is requesting connection authentication. Mutual authentication is required to enable Bluetooth communications with this device.

What should I do if my computer becomes unstable when I use a Bluetooth audio device?

Your computer may become unstable if you change a sound output device to a Bluetooth audio device while audio or video playback software is running.

When you listen to playback audio from your Bluetooth audio device, connect the Bluetooth audio device to the computer first and then launch your audio or video playback software.

See the help file for detailed information on connecting the Bluetooth audio device.

Why can't I connect to service supported by the target Bluetooth device?

Connection is only possible for services also supported by the computer with the Bluetooth functionality. For more details, see the help file on the Bluetooth utility software.

Can I use a device with Bluetooth technology on airplanes?

With Bluetooth technology, your computer transmits a radio frequency of 2.4 GHz. Sensitive locations, such as hospitals and airplanes, may have restrictions on use of Bluetooth devices, due to radio interference. Check with facility staff to see if use of the Bluetooth functionality on the computer is permitted.

Why can't I connect to a Bluetooth device by specifying its IP address on a Personal Area Network (PAN)?

The Bluetooth utility software uses Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to assign IP addresses to active wireless devices. If you specify a fixed IP address for the device to which you want to connect, the utility cannot assign a dynamic IP address to the device and fails. Do not specify IP addresses when using a PAN.

Why can't I use the Bluetooth functionality when I log onto my computer as a user with a standard user account?

The Bluetooth functionality may not be available to a user with a standard user account on your computer. Log onto the computer as a user with administrator rights.

Why can't I connect to a Bluetooth device in Personal Area Network User mode?

If the device to which you want to connect does not support Bluetooth communication in Personal Area Network User mode, you cannot establish a connection from your computer.

Why can't I use the Bluetooth utility software when I switch a user?

If you switch a user without logging off your system, the Bluetooth utility software will not work successfully. Be sure to log off before switching a user. To log off from your system, click **Start** and then **Log Off**.

Optical Discs

Why does my computer freeze when I try to read a disc?

The disc that your computer is trying to read may be dirty or damaged. Follow these steps:

- 1 Restart the computer by clicking **Start**, **Turn Off Computer**, and **Restart**.
- 2 Remove the disc from the optical disc drive.
- 3 Check the disc for dirt or damage. If you need to clean the disc, see **On Handling Discs (page 142)** for instructions.

What should I do if the drive tray does not open?

- Make sure your computer is on.
- If power supply to the optical disc drive is disabled by **VAIO Power Management**, the substitute drive eject button on the optical disc drive will not work. Use the disc drive eject button located above the keyboard. Note that it will take a while to eject the drive tray if the optical disc drive is not powered.
- If the drive eject button does not work, click **Start** and then **My Computer**. Right-click the optical disc drive icon, and select **Eject** from the shortcut menu.
- If none of the above options work, insert a thin, straight object (such as a paper clip) in the manual eject hole near the substitute drive eject button.
- Try restarting your computer.

What should I do if I cannot play a disc properly on my computer?

- ❑ Make sure the disc is inserted into the optical disc drive with the label facing upward.
- ❑ Make sure the necessary program(s) is installed according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- ❑ If a disc is dirty or damaged, your computer will stop responding. Follow these steps:
 - 1 Press the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys and select **Restart** from the **Shut Down** menu to restart your computer.
 - 2 Remove the disc from the optical disc drive.
 - 3 Check the disc for dirt or damage. If you need to clean the disc, see **On Handling Discs (page 142)** for instructions.
- ❑ If you are playing a disc and cannot hear sound, do any of the following:
 - ❑ Check if the volume is turned off or minimized by the **Fn+F2** or **Fn+F3** keys, respectively.
 - ❑ Double-click the **Volume** icon on the taskbar, and click to cancel the **Master Volume Mute All** and **Wave Mute** check boxes.
 - ❑ Check the volume setting in the audio mixer.
 - ❑ If you are using external speakers, check the volume settings on the speakers and the connections between the speakers and your computer.
 - ❑ Make sure the correct driver software is installed. Follow these steps:
 - 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
 - 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
 - 3 Click **System**.
The **System Properties** window appears.

- 4 Select the **Hardware** tab, and click **Device Manager** in the **Device Manager** box.
A window with a listing of your computer's hardware devices appears.
If an "X" or an exclamation point appears on the listed device, you may need to enable the device or reinstall the drivers.
 - 5 Double-click the optical disc drive device to open the submenu.
 - 6 Double-click the listed drive, and select the **Properties** tab.
 - 7 Click to select the **Enable digital CD audio for this CD-ROM device** check box, if it is not selected.
You can confirm the driver software by selecting the **Driver** tab, and clicking **Driver Details**.
 - 8 Click **OK** to close the window.
- Make sure an adhesive label is not affixed to a disc. Adhesive labels can come off while the disc is in the optical disc drive and damage the drive or cause it to malfunction.
 - If a region code warning appears, the disc may be incompatible with the optical disc drive. Check the DVD package to make sure the region code is compatible with the optical disc drive.
 - If you notice condensation on your computer, do not use the computer for at least one hour. Condensation can cause the computer to malfunction.
 - Make sure your computer is running on AC power supply and try the disc again.

What should I do if I cannot write data to CD media?

- ❑ Make sure you neither launch any software application nor allow any to launch automatically, not even a screen saver.
- ❑ Stop using the keyboard.
- ❑ If you are using a CD-R/RW disc with an adhesive label affixed, replace it with one with no affixed adhesive label. Using a disc with an affixed adhesive label could cause a write error or other damage.

What should I do if I cannot write data to DVD media?

- ❑ Make sure you are using the correct DVD recordable media.
- ❑ Check which DVD recordable format is compatible with your optical disc drive. Note the possibility that some brands of DVD recordable media do not work.

What should I do if I cannot use the optical disc drive after unplugging USB Mass Storage Device in the Safely Remove Hardware window?

The optical disc drive will be disabled if you unplug **USB Mass Storage Device** in the **Safely Remove Hardware** window. To enable the optical disc drive again, follow these steps:

- 1 Right-click the optical disc drive icon on the taskbar and select the option to disable power supply to the optical disc drive.
- 2 Right-click the optical disc drive icon again and select the option to enable power supply to the optical disc drive.

Display

Why did my screen go blank?

- ❑ Your computer screen may go blank if the computer loses power or enters a power saving mode (Standby or Hibernate). If the computer is in LCD (Video) Standby mode, press any key to bring the computer back into Normal mode. See **Using the Power Saving Modes (page 112)** for more information.
- ❑ Make sure your computer is securely plugged into a power source and turned on. Make sure the power indicator shows the power is on.
- ❑ If your computer is using battery power, make sure the battery pack is installed properly and is charged. See **Using the Battery Pack (page 23)** for more information.
- ❑ If the display mode is set to the external display, press the **Fn+F7** keys. See **Combinations and Functions with the Fn Key (page 32)** for more information.

Why doesn't my screen display a video?

- ❑ If the external display is selected for the display output and the external display is disconnected, you cannot display a video on your computer screen. Stop video playback, change the display output to the computer screen, and then restart video playback. See **Selecting Display Modes (page 80)**. Alternatively, you can press the **Fn+F7** keys to change the display output. See **Combinations and Functions with the Fn Key (page 32)** for more information.
- ❑ The video memory of your computer may be insufficient for displaying high resolution videos. In this case, lower the resolution of the LCD screen.

What should I do if my screen is dark?

Press the **Fn+F6** keys to brighten your computer screen.

What should I do if the LCD brightness of my screen changes?

The LCD brightness setting, adjusted with the **Fn+F5/F6** keys, is temporary and may be restored to the original setting when your computer returns to Normal mode from Standby or Hibernate mode. To save your preference for the brightness, follow these steps:



To do the following procedure, you must have administrator rights on your computer.

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Performance and Maintenance**.
- 3 Click **Power Options**.
- 4 Select the tab for power scheme settings.
- 5 Select the desired power scheme from the drop-down list.
- 6 On the **VAIO Power Management** tab, select **No change** for **LCD Brightness**.
- 7 Click **OK**.

The preference for the LCD brightness adjusted with the **Fn+F5/F6** keys is saved and the brightness of your computer screen remains unchanged regardless of operating conditions.

What should I do if the external display remains blank?

If you cannot change the display output with the **Fn+F7** keys, you need to change the settings for the external display with **VAIO Control Center**. To change the settings, launch the **VAIO Control Center**, select the control item for the external display, and then click to select the check box for changing the options to detect the external display. Then, try the **Fn+F7** keys to change the display output.

Printing

What should I do if I cannot print a document?

- ❑ Make sure your printer is on, and the printer cable is securely connected to the ports on the printer and computer.
- ❑ Make sure your printer is compatible with the Windows operating system installed on your computer.
- ❑ You may need to install the printer driver software before you use your printer. See the manual that came with your printer for more information.
- ❑ If your printer is not functioning after your computer resumes from a power saving mode (Standby or Hibernate), then restart the computer.
- ❑ If the bidirectional communication functions are provided with your printer, disabling the functions on your computer may enable printing. Follow these steps:
 - 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
 - 2 Click **Printers and Other Hardware**.
 - 3 Click **Printers and Faxes**.
 - 4 Right-click the printer icon and select **Properties**.
 - 5 Click the **Ports** tab.
 - 6 Click to cancel the **Enable bidirectional support** check box.
 - 7 Click **OK**.

This change to the settings disables the bidirectional communication functions of the printer, such as data transfer, status monitoring, and remote panel.

Microphone

What should I do if my microphone does not work?

If you are using an external microphone, make sure the microphone is turned on and is properly plugged into the microphone jack on your computer.

How can I prevent microphone feedback?

Microphone feedback occurs when the microphone receives the sound from a sound output device, such as a speaker.

To prevent this problem:

- Keep the microphone away from a sound output device.
- Turn down the volume of the speakers and the microphone.

Mouse

What should I do if my computer does not recognize my mouse?

- Make sure your mouse is securely plugged into the port.
- Restart your computer with your mouse connected.

What should I do if the pointer does not move when I use my mouse?

- Make sure another mouse is not connected.
- If the pointer does not move while a software application is running, press the **Alt+F4** keys to close the application window.
- If the **Alt+F4** keys do not work, click **Start, Turn Off Computer**, and then **Restart**.
- If your computer does not restart, press the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys and select **Restart** from the **Shut Down** menu.
- If this procedure does not work, press and hold the power button until the computer turns off.

! Turning off your computer with the power button may cause loss of unsaved data.

Speakers

What should I do if my external speakers do not work?

- If you are using a program that has its own volume control, make sure the volume control is properly set. See the program's help file for more information.
- Make sure your speakers are properly connected and the volume is turned up loud enough to hear sound.
- Make sure your speakers are designed for computer use.
- If your speakers have a muting button, set the button to off.
- The volume may have been turned off by the **Fn+F2** keys. Press them once again.
- The volume may have been minimized by the **Fn+F3** keys. Press the **Fn+F4** keys to turn up the volume loud enough to hear sound.
- If your speakers require external power, make sure the speakers are connected to a power source. See the manual that came with your speakers for more information.
- Check the Windows volume controls by clicking the volume icon on the taskbar.

What should I do if I do not hear sound from the built-in speakers?

- If you are using a program that has its own volume control, make sure the volume control is properly set. See the program's help file for more information.
- Make sure the speaker volume is turned up loud enough and the audio option is enabled.
- The volume may have been turned off by the **Fn+F2** keys. Press them once again.
- The volume may have been minimized by the **Fn+F3** keys. Press the **Fn+F4** keys to turn up the volume loud enough to hear sound.
- Check the Windows volume controls by clicking the volume icon on the taskbar.

Touch Pad

What should I do if the touch pad does not work?

- ❑ You may have disabled the touch pad without connecting a mouse to your computer. See **Using the Touch Pad (page 34)**.
- ❑ Make sure that a mouse is not connected to your computer.
- ❑ If the pointer does not move while a software application is running, press the **Alt+F4** keys to close the application window.
- ❑ If the **Alt+F4** keys do not work, click **Start, Turn Off Computer**, and then **Restart**.
- ❑ If your computer does not restart, press the **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** keys and select **Restart** from the **Shut Down** menu.
- ❑ If this procedure does not work, press and hold the power button until the computer turns off.

! Turning off your computer with the power button may cause loss of unsaved data.

Keyboard

What should I do if the keyboard configuration is wrong?

The language layout of your computer's keyboard is labeled on the packaging box. If you choose a different regional keyboard when you complete the Windows setup, the key configuration will be mismatched.

To change the keyboard configuration, follow these steps:

- 1 Click **Start** and then **Control Panel**.
- 2 Click **Date, Time, Language and Regional Options**, and click **Regional and Language Options**.
- 3 Change the settings as desired.

What should I do if I cannot enter certain characters with the keyboard?

If you cannot enter **U, I, O, P, J, K, L, M**, and so on, the **Num Lk** key may be activated. Check that the Num lock indicator is off. If the Num lock indicator is on, press the **Num Lk** key to turn it off before entering these characters.

Floppy Disks

Why doesn't the Safely Remove Hardware icon appear on the taskbar when the drive is connected?

Your computer does not recognize the floppy disk drive. First, make sure the USB cable is properly connected to the USB port. If you need to secure the connection, wait a few moments for the computer to recognize the drive. If the icon still does not appear, follow these steps:

- 1 Close all programs that are accessing the floppy disk drive.
- 2 Wait for the LED indicator on the floppy disk drive to turn off.
- 3 Push the eject button to remove the disk, and disconnect the USB floppy disk drive from your computer.
- 4 Reconnect the floppy disk drive by inserting the USB connector into the USB port.
- 5 Restart the computer by clicking **Start, Turn Off Computer**, and then **Restart**.

What should I do if I cannot write data to a floppy disk?

- Make sure the floppy disk is properly inserted in the drive.
- If the disk is inserted properly and you are still unable to write data to it, the disk may be full or write-protected. You can either use a floppy disk that is not write-protected or disable the write-protect feature.
- If you select the option to restrict USB ports to read-only access with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility**, you cannot write data to a floppy disk in an external floppy disk drive that is connected to your computer using the USB port. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use (page 120)**.

PC Cards

What should I do if my PC Card does not work?

- ❑ Make sure the PC Card is inserted properly. See **Inserting a PC Card (page 45)** for more information.
- ❑ Make sure the PC Card is compatible with the Microsoft Windows operating system installed on your computer.
- ❑ See the manual that came with your PC Card for more information. You may need to install driver software if you are not using a Sony PC Card.
- ❑ If you select the option to disable the PC Card slot with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** or the power supply to the PC Card slot on the **VAIO Power Management** tab in the **Power Options** window, you cannot use the PC Card. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use (page 120)** or **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management (page 117)**.

Why doesn't my computer recognize attached devices?

For some PC Cards, if you alternate between Normal mode and Standby or Hibernate mode while the card is inserted into the PC Card slot, your computer may not recognize the PC Card or the connected device. Restart the computer.

Why can't I insert my PC Card?

- ❑ Make sure you are inserting the card correctly. See **Inserting a PC Card (page 45)** for more information.
- ❑ You may not be able to use some PC Cards or some functions of the PC Card on your computer. See the manual that came with your PC Card for more information.

Memory Stick Media

What should I do if I cannot use Memory Stick media, which were formatted on a VAIO computer, on other devices?

You may need to reformat your Memory Stick media.

Formatting Memory Stick media erases all data, including music data previously saved on it. Before you reformat Memory Stick media, back up important data and confirm that the media does not contain files you want to keep.

- 1 Copy the data from the Memory Stick media onto your hard disk drive to save data or images.
- 2 Format the Memory Stick media by following the steps in **To format a Memory Stick media** (page 53).

Can I copy images from a digital camera using Memory Stick media?

Yes, and you can view video clips that you have recorded with Memory Stick media-compatible digital cameras.

Why can't I write data to Memory Stick media?

- ❑ Some versions of Memory Stick media are equipped with an erasure prevention switch to protect data from accidental erasure or overwriting. Make sure the erasure prevention switch is off.
- ❑ You cannot write data to the Memory Stick media if you select the option to disable the Memory Stick slot with the **Peripheral Device & Storage Media Restriction Setting Utility** or power supply to the Memory Stick slot on the **VAIO Power Management** tab in the **Power Options** window. To change the settings, see **Protecting Data from Unauthorized Use** (page 120) or **Managing Power with VAIO Power Management** (page 117).

Peripherals

What should I do if I cannot connect a USB device?

- ❑ If applicable, check the USB device is turned on and using its own power supply. For example, if you are using a digital camera, check if the battery is charged. If you are using a printer, check if the power cable is connected properly to the AC outlet.
- ❑ Try using another USB port on your computer. The driver could be installed to the specific port you used the first time you connected the device.
- ❑ See the manual that came with your USB device for more information. You may need to install software before you connect the device.
- ❑ Try connecting a simple, low-powered device such as a mouse to test if the port is working at all.
- ❑ USB hubs may prevent a device from working because of the distribution of power. We recommend you connect the device directly to your computer without a hub.


Support Options

This section contains information on where to go for answers to questions about your VAIO computer.

Sony Support Information

See the following sources for answers in the sequence listed below.

See **Documentation (page 9)** for details on the printed and non-printed documentation supplied with your computer, as well as further sources of reference.

- Go to the help files that accompany your software for instructions on using the software.
- Use the search functionality in **Help and Support Center** by pressing the Microsoft Windows key  and the **F1** key.
- VAIO-Link Web site:** If you have any problem with the computer, you can access the VAIO-Link Web site for troubleshooting. Go to <http://www.vaio-link.com>.
- e-Support:** This interactive part of our Web site <http://www.vaio-link.com> allows you to get in contact with our dedicated support team over the Internet. Using a personalized account, you can log your technical queries with ease.
- VAIO-Link help lines:** Before contacting VAIO-Link by telephone, try to solve the problem by reading the printed and non-printed documentation.
- Visit the other Sony Web sites:
 - <http://www.club-vaio.com> if you want to know more about VAIO and become part of the growing VAIO community.
 - <http://www.sonystyle-europe.com> for online purchases.
 - <http://www.sony.net> for other Sony products.



You need to set up an Internet connection before you can access the online features described here.

e-Support

What is e-Support?

You have searched our user guides and Web site (<http://www.vaio-link.com>) but have not found an answer to your question/issue? e-Support is the ideal solution for you!

Our e-Support Web Portal is an interactive Web site on which you can submit any technical query you may have regarding your computer and receive answers from our dedicated support team.

Every submitted query will result in a unique 'case number' to ensure smooth communication between yourself and the e-Support Team.

Who can use e-Support?

All registered VAIO customers are entitled to unlimited access to the VAIO-Link e-Support Web Portal.

How can I access the e-Support portal?

When you register your computer, you will automatically receive an e-mail with the link to the e-Support Web Portal, your Customer ID and some basic explanation a few hours later.

All you need to do is activate your account by clicking on the provided link in the e-mail.

You are now ready to create your first case!

You can access the e-Support Web Portal from any computer with an active Internet connection.

A complete help file is available on the e-Support Web Portal to help you use our e-Support Service.

Can I submit questions in my native language?

Since you are interacting with our e-Support Team through a portal, which connects you directly to our central database, e-Support will only accept and deal with queries submitted in English, French or German.

Can I submit my questions at any time?

Yes, you can submit your questions 24/7, but keep in mind that our e-Support Team can only treat your queries from Monday till Friday between 8am and 6pm.

Is there a cost involved for using e-Support?

No, this is a complete free of charge service offered to all registered VAIO customers!

How do I know when the e-Support Team has handled my query/case?

As soon as your case has been dealt with by our e-Support Team, you will receive an e-mail, notifying you that your case has been updated.

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See the online **Specifications** to see what software is available for your model.

