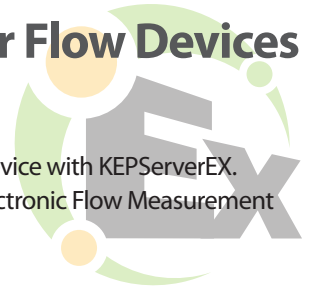




Enron Modbus for Flow Devices



Follow the four steps located in the sidebar to set up an Enron Modbus device with KEPServerEX. Learn how to create an Enron Modbus channel and device, add a new Electronic Flow Measurement (EFM) Mapping, and then validate your work. Let's get started.

Follow the Steps

Step 1:

Locate the user manual for the flow computer or device to which you will connect.

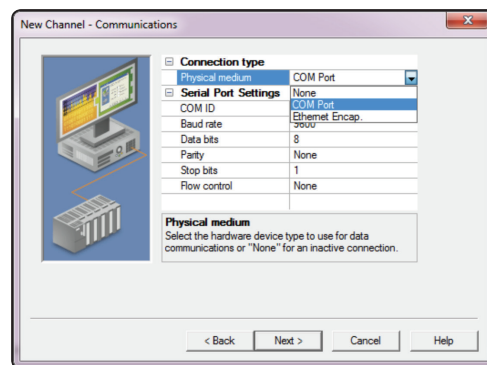
The documentation for your flow device is absolutely necessary in order to continue with your set-up. The default values in the Enron Modbus device creation wizard will not guarantee connectivity.

The following examples use a RealFLO User and Reference Manual, which is included with the SCADAPack documentation.

Step 2:

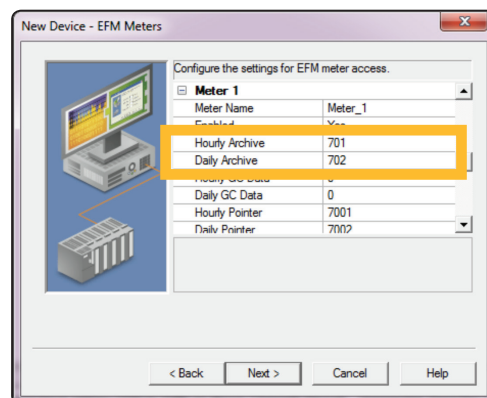
Create an Enron Modbus channel and device.

Select Enron Modbus from the drop-down menu when creating a channel. Enter the communications interface information for the flow device, such as Ethernet Encap. or COM Port.



When creating a new device, enter the correct Device ID. In the EFM Meters window, refer to the flow device's **user manual** for the address location of the hourly and daily archives.

KEPServerEX device creation wizard



Leave all other values at their default settings.



Step 3:

Open Device Properties and create a new EFM Mapping for **only one meter** using the device's flow manual as a reference for addressing.

In the EFM Mapping tab located in Device Properties, click "Add". Enter a name for your mapping and click next. In the dialogues that follow, you will need to reference the flow device's **user manual** for correct addressing.

The terms used in your configuration manual may differ from the terms used in the EFM Mapping in KEPServerEX. For example, see the figure below, where "Flow duration" in the flow device's manual is equivalent to "Flow Time" in KEPServerEX.

RealFLO User Manual

Hourly / Daily Record Format

Each hourly and daily record is in the following format.

- Date (format: MMDDYY)
- Time (format: HHMMSS)
- **Flow duration**
- Volume
- Energy
- Flow Extension or Flow Product or Uncorrected Flow Volume.
- Temperature
- Pressure
- Differential Pressure or Meter Pulses
- Volume * 1000
- Mass
- Relative Density

Archives are stored in the following registers.

Register	Description	Access
701	Meter Run 1: hourly history	Read Only
702	Meter Run 1: daily history	Read Only

KEPServerEX EFM Mapping

When mapping Configuration and Alarm addresses remove the preceding "B" in the address. KEPServerEX's default address offset options, which contain the prefix "B", are for experienced users. If you are setting up a flow device for the first time, configure one mapping for every one meter connected to the flow device, even if you have multiple meters connected to the same flow device. Do not use the "B" prefix. Refer to the flow device's **user manual** for the correct addressing for Configuration, History, and Alarms. The RealFLO device's configuration addressing is shown in the user manual below as an example.



RealFLO User Manual

Meter Run 1 ID Variables

The Run ID is a string stored in 32 consecutive integers. Printable ASCII values in the range specified need to be used for each character in the string. The RUNID string will be terminated with a null unless the full length of the string is used.

Register	Description	Access
3167	Run 1 ID character 1 Range: 33 to 126	Read / Write
3168	Run 1 ID character 2 Range: 33 to 126	Read / Write
3169	Run 1 ID character 3 Range: 33 to 126	Read / Write

KEPServerEX EFM Mapping

Configuration

This is a mapping of a device configuration to the server's configuration attributes. Assign a register or static value to each attribute available in the configuration record. See the help file for more information.

Configuration	Value
Meter ID	3167161
Meter Type	
Pressure Base	7149
Temp Base	7148
Live Analysis	
Live BTU	

Caution: The default mapping values in KEPServerEX's Enron Modbus device properties will not provide automatic connectivity to your flow device. These are intended to help you understand the address mapping and may not match up with the address space in your particular device.

Once mapping is completed, open the EFM Meters tab in device properties and set the mapping property for Meter 1 to the mapping you just created.

Device Properties

Database Creation | Time Synchronization | Redundancy
 Settings | Block Sizes | Framing | Error Handling
 General | Scan Mode | Ethernet Encapsulation | Timing | Auto-Demotion
 EFM Meters | EFM Mapping | Address Ranges

Meter 1

Meter Name	Meter_1
Enabled	Yes
Hourly Archive	701
Daily Archive	702
Hourly GC Data	0
Daily GC Data	0
Hourly Pointer	7001
Daily Pointer	7002
Event Counter	7000
Mapping	MappingMeter1

OK Cancel Apply Help



Step 4:

Validate the new EFM mapping by auto-generating tags and then checking them in the OPC Quick Client.

In Device Properties, open the Database Creation tab and click "Auto Create". You will see tags created for the device as shown in the image below.

Tag Name	Address	Data Type	Scan Rate	Scaling	Description
ar	7213	Float	100	None	
atmospheric...	7145	Float	100	None	
btu	7281	Float	100	None	
c1	7193	Float	100	None	
c10	7211	Float	100	None	
c2	7196	Float	100	None	
c3	7197	Float	100	None	
c5	7206	Float	100	None	
c6	7207	Float	100	None	

Launch the OPC Quick Client by clicking the QC icon in the toolbar. Check for "Good" quality data and ensure that the data values you are reading make sense for the property they represent. For example, H2S content should be a reasonable value.

Item ID	Data Type	Value	Timestamp	Quality	Update Count
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.ar	Float	0.02	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.atmospheric_pressure	Float	0	10:57:43.903	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.btu	Float	0	10:57:43.913	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c1	Float	0.11	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c10	Float	0.103	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c2	Float	0.1	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c3	Float	0.07	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c5	Float	0.003	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c6	Float	0.006	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c7	Float	0.005	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c8	Float	0.009	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.c9	Float	0.007	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.calculation_method	Float	3	10:57:43.933	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.co	Float	0.01	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.co2	Float	0.09	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.h2	Float	0.06	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.h2s	Float	0.04	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.h2s	Float	0.05	10:57:43.923	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.he	Float	0.2	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.isoc4	Float	0.002	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.isoc5	Float	0.004	10:57:43.893	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.meter_id	Short Array	[49, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...]	10:57:43.883	Good	3
Channel1.Device1.Meter_1.n2	Float	0.08	10:57:43.923	Good	3

Be aware that the flow computer or device address mapping may not match the configuration documentation in the user manual. If the data you are pulling from the device does not make sense, you may have to adjust the mapping addresses you just entered in KEPServerEX. For example, you may have to increment all the addresses by one.

Note: It is not necessary to auto-generate tags in order to begin collecting and exporting EFM data. The EFM data in your flow device can be exported by setting up a Poll Group in the EFM Exporter Plug-in.